



VIRGINIA BEACH  
BAR ASSOCIATION



## **2023 Bench~Bar Conference**

VIRGINIA BEACH CONVENTION  
CENTER: 8.10.2023



Session 1

12:30-2pm

# 2023 Legislative Update

## PANEL:

Senator Bill DeSteph, District 8

Senator Aaron Rouse, District 7

Delegate Kelly Convirs-Fowler, 21<sup>st</sup> District

Delegate Anne Ferrell Tata, 82<sup>nd</sup> District

## MODERATOR:

Ryan Ferguson, Esq.

President Virginia Beach Bar Association

General Counsel, Office of the Attorney General of  
Virginia

**\*\*Materials Graciously Provided by the Virginia Trial  
Lawyers Association**

\*\*There will be a 15 minute break after Session 1; refreshments and snacks will be available.

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### Session 1- Legislative Update

1. Introduction of Panelists
2. Summary of Bills of Interest



## Session ~1 Panel Introductions:

### **Senator Bill DeSteph, District 8**

Born in Hartford, Connecticut  
USNR, Retired  
Member of the House: 2014-2016  
Member of the Senate: 2016-present  
Studies & Committees: Block Grants  
Flooding, Joint Subcommittee on Recurrent  
Information Technology Advisory Council  
School Facility Modernization Subcommittee

### **Senator Aaron Rouse, District 7**

Born in Virginia Beach, VA  
Graduate Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University  
Member of the Senate: 2023-present  
Committees: General Laws and Technology, Local Government  
Rehabilitation and Social Services, Transportation

### **Delegate Kelly Convirs-Fowler, 21<sup>st</sup> District**

Born Groton, Connecticut  
Graduate of Virginia Wesleyan & Old Dominion University  
Member of House of Delegates: 2017-present  
Committees: Privileges and Elections, Finance, Finance - Subcommittee #3  
Privileges and Elections - Subcommittee # 3

## **Delegate Anne Ferrell Tata, 82<sup>nd</sup> District**

Born: Washington D.C.

Graduate of Florida State University

Member of House of Delegates: 2021- present

Committees: Communications, Technology and Innovation, Transportation

Education, Education - K-12 Subcommittee, Education - Early

Childhood/Innovation Subcommittee, Transportation - Subcommittee #2

Transportation Infrastructure and Funding

Transportation - Subcommittee # 3 Highway Safety and Policy,

Communications, Technology and Innovation - Technology and Innovation

Subcommittee

## **MODERATOR:**

**Ryan Ferguson, Esq.**

President Virginia Beach Bar Association

General Counsel, Office of the Attorney General of Virginia

Graduate Regent University School of Law and James Madison University

Virginia State Bar Council 2017-present

# VIRGINIA TRIAL LAWYERS ASSOCIATION 2023 BILLS OF INTEREST

## Civil Procedure

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 2392</a>	<a href="#">Terry L. Austin</a>	<p><b>Towing and recovery operators; attorney fees and costs.</b></p> <p>Towing and recovery operators; attorney fees and costs. Authorizes towing and recovery operators to recover reasonable attorney fees and costs in a civil action brought by the towing and recovery operator to recover costs or enforce a lien related to towing and recovery services rendered as a result of a request made by any local or state law-enforcement officer or other government official acting in his official capacity.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2392ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 2435</a>	<a href="#">M. Keith Hodges</a>	<p><b>Hospital price transparency; enforcement, plans of correction.</b></p> <p>Hospital price transparency; enforcement; plans of correction; civil penalty. Grants the Department of Health authority to impose a plan of correction on hospitals that fail to comply with hospital price transparency requirements. The bill imposes a civil penalty on noncompliant hospitals. Hospitals that violate price transparency requirements may be reported to the Consumer Protection Division of the Office of the Attorney General. Statutes affected:</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Health, Welfare and Institutions	<a href="#">House: Printed as engrossed 23105906D-EH1</a>
<a href="#">SB 810</a>	<a href="#">J. Chapman Petersen</a>	<p><b>Injunctions; petitions for review.</b></p> <p>Review of injunctions; petitions for review. Removes permanent injunctions from the current provision that when a circuit court (i) grants a preliminary or permanent injunction, (ii) refuses such an injunction, or (iii) having granted such an injunction, dissolves or refuses to enlarge it, an aggrieved party may file a petition for review with clerk of the Supreme Court of Virginia. The bill increases from seven days to 15 days the period after the date of service of a copy of such petition during which an opposing party may file a response. Statutes affected:</p>	PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100769D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">SB 811</a>	<a href="#">J. Chapman Petersen</a>	<p><b>Interlocutory orders, certain; jurisdiction of appeals, immunity.</b></p> <p>Appeal of interlocutory orders. Restores the Court of Appeals' jurisdiction over appeals of orders granting or denying a plea of sovereign, absolute, or qualified immunity. Under current law, such orders are appealable to the Supreme Court of Virginia. The bill also directs the Supreme Court of Virginia to promulgate rules consistent with the provisions of the bill by July 1, 2023. Statutes affected:</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105257D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 895</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a>	<p><b>Appeals of certain interlocutory decrees or orders; report.</b></p> <p>Appeals of certain interlocutory decrees or orders; report. Prohibits the appeal of certain interlocutory decrees or orders relating to affirmance or annulment of a marriage, divorce, custody of a minor child, spousal or child support, control or disposition of a minor child, any other domestic relations matter arising under Title 16.1 (Courts Not of Record) or 20 (Domestic Relations), or any protective order other than a final protective order issued by a circuit court. The bill requires the Virginia Family Law Coalition to study appeals of interlocutory decrees and orders involving domestic relations matters in the Commonwealth and to report the findings of such study to the Chairmen of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary and the House Committee for Courts of Justice by October 1, 2024</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105256D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 930</a>	<a href="#">Ghazala F. Hashmi</a>	<p><b>Health care; decision making, end of life, penalties.</b></p> <p>Health care; decision making; end of life; penalties. Allows an adult diagnosed with a terminal condition to request and an attending health care provider to prescribe a self-administered controlled substance for the purpose of ending the patient's life in a humane and dignified manner. The bill requires that a patient's request for a self-administered controlled substance to end his life must be given orally on two occasions and in writing, signed by the patient and one witness, and that the patient be given an express opportunity to rescind his request at any time. The bill makes it a Class 2 felony (i) to willfully and deliberately alter, forge, conceal, or destroy a patient's request, or rescission of request, for a self-administered controlled substance to end his life with the intent and effect of causing the patient's death; (ii) to coerce, intimidate, or exert undue</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Jan 26, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Education and Health (9-Y 5-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101664D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		influence on a patient to request a self-administered controlled substance for the purpose of ending his life or to destroy the patient's rescission of such request with the intent and effect of causing the patient's death; or (iii) to coerce, intimidate, or exert undue influence on a patient to forgo a self-administered controlled substance for the purpose of ending the patient's life. The bill also grants immunity from civil or criminal liability and professional disciplinary action to any person who complies with the provisions of the bill and allows health care providers to refuse to participate in the...		
<a href="#">SB 990</a>	<a href="#">Mark J. Peake</a>	<p><b>Ministers of religion; communications between persons they counsel or advise.</b></p> <p>Communications between ministers of religion and persons they counsel or advise. Clarifies that no minister of religion shall be required to give testimony or evidence in a civil or criminal proceeding that would disclose confidential information provided to him by a person seeking spiritual counsel or advice unless such person seeking spiritual counsel or advise requests or consents to such disclosure from such minister of religion. Statutes affected:</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Jan 18, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)</p>	<p>Senate: <a href="#">Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23103451D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1413</a>	<a href="#">Thomas K. Norment, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Civil cases; motion for the disclosure of expunged police and court records.</b></p> <p>Motion for the disclosure of expunged records in a civil case. Provides that action for damages against a locality or a law enforcement officer arising out of or relating to charges where a petition for the expungement of police and court records for such charges is pending or where the records have been expunged, any party to such action may file a motion in the court in which the action is pending, or in the court where the petition for the expungement was or is pending, for the release of the expunged records for use in the civil litigation, and, upon motion and for good cause shown, such police and court records shall be ordered to be released and the relevant penalties relating to disclosure of such expunged records shall not apply.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Passage (54-Y 42-N)</p>	<p>Senate: <a href="#">Committee substitute printed 23106169D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1379</a>	<a href="#">R. Creigh Deeds</a>	<p><b>Correctional facilities, local &amp; regional; prov. of medical services.</b></p> <p>Local and regional correctional facilities; provision of medical services; waiver of sovereign immunity. Waives sovereign</p>	<p>PASSED Senate • Feb 07, 2023: Printed as engrossed 23100123D-E</p>	<p>Senate: <a href="#">Printed as engrossed 23100123D-E</a></p>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		immunity for health care providers employed by localities or by local or regional correctional facilities to provide medical services to prisoners for a claim of wrongful death or injury resulting from a negligent or wrongful act or omission in the provision of such medical services. This bill is in response to <i>Patterson v. City of Danville</i> , 875 Va. S.E.2d 65 (2022).		
<a href="#">HB 1549</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Wrongful death; death of parent or guardian of child resulting from driving under the influence.</b></p> <p>Wrongful death; death of parent or guardian of child resulting from driving under the influence; child support. Provides that in any action for death by wrongful act where the defendant, as a result of driving a motor vehicle or operating a watercraft under the influence, unintentionally caused the death of another person who was the parent or legal guardian of a child, the person who has custody of such child may petition the court to order that the defendant pay child support. Statutes affected:</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 13, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (10-Y 5-N)	<a href="#">House: Printed as engrossed 23102781D-E</a>
<a href="#">SB 817</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a>	<p><b>Attorney fees; written notice of lien requirements, validity and amount determinations.</b></p> <p>Lien for attorney fees; written notice requirements; validity and amount determinations. Provides that written notice of a lien for attorney fees shall be given either within 45 days of the end of representation or (i) in causes of action sounding in tort or for liquidated or unliquidated damages on contract, before settlement or adjustment or (ii) in cases of annulment or divorce, before final judgment is entered, whichever is earlier. The bill further provides that the validity and amount of such a lien may be determined either by motion in the case in which the lien is claimed or by separate action after final judgment has been entered therein or if no case has been filed. Finally, the bill specifies that the validity and amount of such a lien shall be determined by the court without a jury. The bill also directs the Office of the Executive Secretary to create a form to be filed with the clerk of the circuit court. This bill is a recommendation of the Boyd-Graves Conference</p>	PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23100739D-E</a>
<a href="#">HB 2429</a>	<a href="#">G. "John" Avoli</a>	<p><b>Athletic trainers; exemption from liability when administering albuterol inhalers, etc.</b></p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 16, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>Emergency care; exemption from liability; athletic trainers. Authorizes licensed athletic trainers under contract with a local school division to administer albuterol inhalers and valved holding chambers or nebulized albuterol to students and exempts athletic trainers from liability for such administration. The bill permits prescribers to authorize licensed athletic trainers to possess and administer IV saline for use in emergency situations and subcutaneous lidocaine for wound closure. Statutes affected:</p>		<a href="#">Senate (HB2429ER)</a>
<a href="#">HJ 59</a>	<a href="#">William C. Wampler III</a>	<p><b>Uniform electronic filing system; studying feasibility of establishing for various courts.</b></p> <p>Study; OES to study feasibility of establishing a uniform electronic filing system for all state circuit, general district, and juvenile and domestic relations courts and provide a plan for the establishment of such system; report. Requests the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia to (i) determine the cost of the creation and implementation of a uniform filing system for all state circuit, general district, and juvenile and domestic relations district courts; (ii) identify any potential challenges of and concerns relating to establishing a statewide electronic filing system, such as Internet availability in certain parts of the state, balancing accessibility and transparency while maintaining confidentiality as required for certain cases, security concerns, system failure or outages, and training for users of the system, and determine possible solutions for identified concerns; (iii) analyze the current federal electronic filing system and plans implemented in other states to determine best practices for developing and implementing a statewide system for all circuit and district courts in the Commonwealth; and (iv) develop a plan for the establishment of a uniform electronic filing system in all circuit and district courts in the Commonwealth.</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Mar 04, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Rules by voice vote</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/12/22 22101187D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1440</a>	<a href="#">Jason S. Ballard</a>	<p><b>Finding of guilt in absentia; proof of such finding in a civil action.</b></p> <p>Finding of guilt in absentia; proof of such finding in a civil action. Requires evidence of a finding of guilt made in absentia in a criminal prosecution or traffic infraction to be admissible in a civil action whenever such finding is contended. The bill further requires the court hearing the civil case to admit evidence as to whether such finding was</p>	<p>PASSED Feb 27, 2023: Governor's Action Deadline 11:59 p.m., March 27, 2023</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1440ER)</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		made if the criminal court records are silent or ambiguous as to whether such a finding occurred. These evidentiary requirements exist under current law for pleas of guilt and nolo contendere and forfeitures. Statutes affected:		
<a href="#">HB 1756</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Attorney-issued subpoenas; release of witness.</b></p> <p>Attorney-issued subpoenas; release of witness. Provides that, in a civil case only, a person to whom an attorney-issued subpoena is directed may be released from compliance with such subpoena by the attorney who issued the subpoena or a person acting on such attorney's behalf. As introduced, this bill is a recommendation of the Boyd-Graves Conference. Statutes affected:</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1756ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1757</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Immunity of persons; tort actions, tort based solely on statements, attorney fees and costs.</b></p> <p>Immunity of persons; tort actions; assertion of immunity; attorney fees and costs. Provides that a person shall be immune from tort liability if the tort is based solely on statements (i) regarding matters of public concern that would be protected under the First Amendment to the Constitution of the United States made by that person that are communicated to a third party or (ii) made at a public hearing before the governing body of any locality or other political subdivision, or the boards, commissions, agencies, and authorities thereof, and other governing bodies of any local governmental entity concerning matters properly before such body. Current law specifies that such immunity to civil liability is for specific claims. The bill further provides that any order resolving a plea of immunity shall be treated like an interlocutory appeal. The bill allows for the recovery of reasonable attorney fees and costs when any assertion of immunity is denied and found to be in violation of the sanctions statute. This bill is a recommendation of the Boyd-Graves Conference. Statutes affected:</p>	PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (92-Y 1-N)	<a href="#">House: Conference substitute printed 23107518D-H1</a>
<a href="#">HB 2105</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey M. Bourne</a>	<p><b>Civil actions; standards governing consolidation and transfer, allocation of attorney fees.</b></p> <p>Civil actions; standards governing consolidation and transfer; allocation of attorney fees. Specifies that, in a combined civil action, the court may allocate attorney</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 16, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2105ER)</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>fees to separate issues into common questions that require treatment on a consolidated basis and individual cases that do not. Current law allows the court to allocate fees but does not specify attorney fees. The bill contains technical amendments. Statutes affected:</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2184</a>	<a href="#">Carrie E. Coyner</a>	<p><b>Judgment liens; release of specific property.</b></p> <p>Judgment liens; release of specific property. Creates a procedure by which a settlement agent may release a property from a judgment lien when the lien creditor has failed to respond to a request in writing to pay the amount owed.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (96-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23105114D-H1</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2427</a>	<a href="#">Nicholas J. Freitas</a>	<p><b>Hospital price transparency; private right of action, patient payment disputes.</b></p> <p>Hospital price transparency; private right of action; patient payment disputes; noncompliance; prohibition of debt collection. Allows patients to bring an action against a hospital that is not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws. Under the bill, if a hospital is not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws on the date that an elective procedure, test, or service is provided to a patient by the hospital, the patient may bring an action, individually or jointly, against the hospital to recover payment of the price of the elective procedure, test, or service. Under the bill, a hospital that is not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws on the date that an elective procedure, test, or service is provided to a patient is liable for the price of the elective procedure, test, or service provided and an additional equal amount as liquidated damages; interest accruing from the date the elective procedure, test, or service was provided; and reasonable attorney fees and costs. The bill requires the court, if it finds that the hospital knowingly was not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws, to award the patient an amount up to triple the amount of the price of the elective procedure, test, or service and reasonable attorney fees and costs.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Health, Welfare and Institutions</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Printed as engrossed 23106139D-EH1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 144</a>	<a href="#">John S. Edwards</a>	<p><b>Deceased or incompetent party; admissibility of statements.</b></p> <p>Admissibility of statements of a deceased or incompetent party. Repeals the "dead man's</p>	<p>FAILED aSenate • Feb 09, 2022: Continued to</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed to LIS</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		statute," which provides that no judgment shall be entered against a person incapable of testifying based upon the uncorroborated testimony of the adverse party.	2023 in Judiciary (14-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">only</a> <a href="#">22105582D-S1</a>
<a href="#">SB 1495</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a>	<p><b>Local enforcement action; willful disregard for applicable law, damages.</b></p> <p>Local enforcement action; willful disregard for applicable law; damages. Provides that any person against whom an enforcement action is carried out by a locality, or any ordinance or regulation, where the enforcement action was based upon a willful disregard for applicable law, regulation, or ordinance, shall be entitled to an award of compensatory damages and to an order remanding the matter to the locality and may further be entitled to reasonable attorney fees and court costs.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Title replaced 23106684D-H1	<a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed</a> <a href="#">23106684D-H1</a>
<a href="#">SB 1515</a>	<a href="#">William M. Stanley, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Minors; civil liability for publishing or distribution of harmful material on the Internet.</b></p> <p>Civil liability for publishing or distribution of material harmful to minors on the Internet. Creates a civil cause of action for any commercial entity that knowingly or intentionally publishes or distributes on the Internet material harmful to minors, as defined in the bill, and that does not take reasonable steps to verify that the age of a person attempting to access such material harmful to minors is 18 years of age or older. The bill also clarifies the definition of "sexual conduct" so that it is neutral regarding sexual orientation for the purpose of crimes related to prohibited sales and loans to juveniles.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 23, 2023: House amendments agreed to by Senate (38-Y 2-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Floor substitute printed</a> <a href="#">23106425D-S2 (Edwards)</a>

## Civil Rights

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1586</a>	<a href="#">Richard C. "Rip" Sullivan, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Wrongful incarceration; compensation.</b> Wrongful incarceration; compensation. Provides that any person who is convicted of a felony by a county or city circuit court of the Commonwealth and is wrongfully incarcerated for such felony shall receive, in addition to the compensation for wrongful incarceration specified under current law, not less than \$25,000 for each year (i) of imprisonment after being sentenced to death; (ii) served on parole or postrelease supervision; or (iii) such person was required to register with the Sex Offender and Crimes Against Minors Registry.;</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023; Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102187D</a>
<a href="#">SB 863</a>	<a href="#">William M. Stanley, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Va. Prisoner Litigation Reform Act; expands the Act to apply to civil actions brought by prisoners.</b> Virginia Prisoner Litigation Reform Act. Expands the Virginia Prisoner Litigation Reform Act to apply to civil actions brought by prisoners who are represented by counsel. Under current law, the provisions of the Act apply only to pro se prisoners. The bill clarifies that the Act shall apply to all civil actions for money damages brought under the laws of the Commonwealth and civil actions for injunctive, declaratory, or mandamus relief brought under the laws of the Commonwealth or federal law. The bill also provides that the Act shall apply to civil actions brought by prisoners who are currently or were formerly incarcerated in any state or local correctional facility or a facility operated under the Corrections Private Management Act and that all such civil actions shall be brought in the circuit court of the city or county in which the prison is located where the prisoner was housed when his cause of action arose. The bill also clarifies when a genuine issue of material fact exists for the purposes of a summary judgment.</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 06, 2023; Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 4-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101463D</a>
<a href="#">HB 2384</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<p><b>Marijuana; search and seizure, driving or operating a motor vehicle, etc., while intoxicated.</b> Marijuana; search and seizure; driving or operating a motor vehicle, etc., while intoxicated; marijuana presumption; saliva drug screening. Removes certain offenses, described in the bill, from the prohibition of searches without a search warrant for the odor of marijuana and establishes a presumption of intoxication if a person has a blood concentration equal to or greater than 0.003 milligrams of delta-9-tetrahydrocannabinol per</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 13, 2023; Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23104348D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>liter of blood. The bill establishes a process for preliminary analysis of a person's saliva to screen for the presence of drugs in the saliva, similar to the process utilized for a person's blood alcohol content.</p>		
<p><u>SB 1128</u></p>	<p><u>Joseph D. Morrissey</u></p>	<p><b>State correctional facility; unauthorized dissemination of photographic image from security camera.</b>            Unauthorized dissemination of photographic or digital images from a security camera in a state correctional facility; penalty. Provides that any person who retrieves photographic, motion picture, or other digital images captured or recorded by a security camera or other device used for surveillance or security purposes at a state correctional facility and disseminates such images, without the permission of the Director of the Department of Corrections or his designee, to another person who is not employed by the Department of Corrections is guilty of a Class 6 felony.</p>	<p>FAILED            Senate • Jan 20, 2023: Stricken at request of Patron in Rehabilitation and Social Services (13-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><u>Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101330D</u></p>

## Consumer

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1517</a>	<a href="#">Dawn M. Adams</a>	<p><b>Virginia Consumer Protection Act; automatic renewal or continuous service offers.</b></p> <p>Virginia Consumer Protection Act; automatic renewal or continuous service offers; cancellation reminders; prohibited practices. Requires suppliers of automatic renewals or continuous service offers that include a free trial that lasts more than 30 days to, within 30 days of the end of any such free trial, notify the consumer of his option to cancel the free trial before the end of the trial period to avoid an obligation to pay for the goods or services. The bill provides that failure to notify a consumer of such option is a violation of the Virginia Consumer Protection Act. The bill also makes it a violation of the Virginia Consumer Protection Act for a supplier to fail to disclose the total cost of a good or continuous service to a consumer, including any mandatory fees or charges, prior to entering into an agreement for the sale of any such good or provision of any such service.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1517ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1542</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; security deposits.</b></p> <p>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; security deposits. Increases from 15 to 30 days the additional time period that a landlord has to provide a tenant with an itemization of damages to the premises and the cost of repair when such damages exceed the amount of the tenant's security deposit and require the services of a third-party contractor. The bill has an expiration date of June 30, 2024, and is identical to SB 891.</p>	PASSED Governor's Action Deadline 11:59 p.m., March 27, 2023	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1542ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1635</a>	<a href="#">David L. Bulova</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; uninhabitable dwelling unit.</b></p> <p>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; uninhabitable dwelling unit. Provides that a tenant may terminate the rental agreement and receive a full refund of all deposits and rent paid to the landlord if, at the beginning of the tenancy, a condition exists in the rental dwelling unit that constitutes a fire hazard or serious threat to the life, health, or safety of tenants or occupants of the premises, including an infestation of rodents or a lack of heat, hot or cold running water, electricity, or adequate sewage disposal facilities, so long as the tenant provides the landlord notice of his intent to terminate the rental agreement within seven days of the date on which</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 25, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1635ER)</a>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>possession of the dwelling unit was to have transferred to the tenant. The bill requires the landlord to provide the tenant a refund of all deposits and rent paid on or before the fifteenth business day following the day on which (i) the termination notice is delivered to the landlord or (ii) the tenant vacates the dwelling unit, whichever occurs later, unless the landlord provides to the tenant written notice of his refusal to accept the tenant's termination of the rental agreement, along with the reasons for such refusal, within 15 business days following the date on which such termination notice was delivered to the landlord. The bill also provides that any tenant who has not taken possession or who has vacated the dwelling unit may file an action in a court of competent jurisdiction to contest the land...</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1650</a>	<a href="#">Marcia S. "Cia" Price</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; enforcement by localities.</b> Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; enforcement by localities. Provides that if a condition exists in a rental dwelling unit that constitutes a material noncompliance by the landlord with the rental agreement or with any provision of law that, if not promptly corrected, constitutes a fire hazard or serious threat to the life, health, or safety of tenants or occupants of the premises, a locality may institute an action for injunction and damages to enforce the landlord's duty to maintain the rental dwelling unit in a fit and habitable condition, provided that (i) the property where the violation occurred is within the jurisdictional boundaries of the locality and (ii) the locality has notified the landlord who owns the property, either directly or through the managing agent, of the nature of the violation and the landlord has failed to remedy the violation to the satisfaction of the locality within a reasonable time after receiving such notice.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Jan 24, 2023: Failed to report and refer to Appropriations (defeated) in General Laws (11-Y 11-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23100019D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1651</a>	<a href="#">Marcia S. "Cia" Price</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; nonrefundable application fee, limitations.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; nonrefundable application fee; limitations. Provides that a landlord shall not obtain a consumer report or conduct any other investigation into the background or qualifications of a rental applicant without first establishing a written rental admission policy that is available to the public and providing the applicant with either a written or an electronic copy of such policy. The bill also provides that such policy must contain a disclosure of the amount of all nonrefundable application fees and deposits.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Jan 24, 2023: Failed to report (defeated) in General Laws (11-Y 11-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100298D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1652</a>	<a href="#">Marcia S. "Cia" Price</a>	<p><b>Va Residential Landlord &amp; Tenant Act; landlord remedies, noncompliance with rental agreement.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; landlord remedies; noncompliance with rental agreement. Increases from five days to 14 days the mandatory waiting period after a landlord serves written notice on a tenant notifying the tenant of his nonpayment of rent and of the landlord's intention to terminate the rental agreement if rent is not paid before the landlord may pursue remedies for termination of the rental agreement. :</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in General Laws</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100297D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1688</a>	<a href="#">Emily M. Brewer</a>	<p><b>Consumer Data Protection Act; protections for children.</b>            Consumer Data Protection Act; protections for children. Requires a controller or processor to obtain verifiable parental consent, defined in the bill, prior to registering any child with the operator's product or service or before collecting, using, or disclosing such child's personal data and prohibits a controller from</p>	<p>FAILED            Senate • Feb 08, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in General Laws and Technology with letter (15-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23105871D-H1</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>knowingly processing the personal data of a child for purposes of (i) targeted advertising, (ii) the sale of such personal data, or (iii) profiling in furtherance of decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer. The bill also amends the definition of child for purposes of the Consumer Data Protection Act to include any natural person younger than 18 years of age.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1702</a>	<a href="#">Michelle Lopes Maldonado</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; terms and conditions of rental agreement.</b> Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; terms and conditions of rental agreement; rent increase; notice. Requires a landlord who owns more than four rental dwelling units or more than a 10 percent interest in more than four rental dwelling units, whether individually or through a business entity, in the Commonwealth to, in the case of any rental agreement that contains an option to renew or an automatic renewal provision, provide written notice to the tenant notifying the tenant of any increase in rent during the subsequent rental agreement term no less than 60 days prior to the end of the current rental agreement term</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 16, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1702ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1725</a>	<a href="#">Schuyler T. VanValkenburg</a>	<p><b>Virginia Fair Housing Law; use of assistance animal in a dwelling, penalties.</b> Virginia Fair Housing Law: use of assistance animal in a dwelling; penalties. Prohibits certain persons from providing fraudulent supporting documentation to evince the existence of a disability or disability-related need for a person requesting a reasonable accommodation with respect to the use of an assistance animal in a dwelling. The bill adds a violation of such prohibition as a prohibited practice under the Virginia Consumer Protection Act.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1725ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1732</a>	<a href="#">Elizabeth B. Bennett-Parker</a>	<p><b>Va Residential Landlord &amp; Tenant Act; landlord remedies, noncompliance with rental agreement.</b> Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; landlord remedies; noncompliance with rental agreement; payment plan. Requires a landlord who owns more than four rental dwelling units or more than a 10 percent interest in more than four rental dwelling units, before terminating a rental agreement due to nonpayment of rent if the exact amount of rent owed is less than or equal to one month's rent plus any late charges contracted for in the rental agreement or as provided by law, to</p>	PASSED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in General Laws	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102857D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>serve upon such tenant a written notice informing the tenant of the exact amount due and owed and offer the tenant a payment plan under which the tenant must pay the exact amount due and owed in equal monthly installments over a period of six months. The bill also outlines the remedies a landlord has if a tenant fails to pay the exact amount due and owed or enter into a payment plan within five days of receiving notice or if the tenant enters into a payment plan but fails to pay within five days of the due date any rent that becomes due under the payment plan after such plan becomes effective.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1735</a>	<a href="#">Schuyler T. VanValkenburg</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; statement of tenant rights and responsibilities.</b> Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; Manufactured Home Lot Rental Act; statement of tenant rights and responsibilities. Provides that if a tenant fails or otherwise refuses to sign the form developed by the Department of Housing and Community Development and posted on its website acknowledging that the tenant has received the statement of tenant rights and responsibilities from the landlord, the landlord shall record the date or dates on which he provided the form to the tenant and the fact that the tenant failed or otherwise refused to sign such form. The bill gives the landlord the option of providing the tenant a subsequent opportunity to sign such form after the effective date of the tenancy.</p>	<p>PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Conference report agreed to by Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Printed as engrossed 23102712D-E</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1855</a>	<a href="#">Suhas Subramanyam</a>	<p><b>Consumer Protection Act; PFAS chemicals in children's products.</b> Consumer Protection Act; PFAS chemicals in children's products. Prohibits the sale, offering for sale, or manufacturing for sale of a children's product that the supplier knows or has reason to know contains perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). PFAS is defined in the bill as substances that include any member of the class of fluorinated organic chemicals containing at least one fully fluorinated carbon atom. The bill exempts children's products that are used, secondhand, or "seconds" from the prohibition.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102689D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1907</a>	<a href="#">Amanda E. Batten</a>	<p><b>Consumer finance companies; short-term loan providers, licensee requirements.</b> Consumer finance companies; short-term loan providers; licensee requirements. Requires a consumer finance company or a short-term loan provider to include as part of every loan application a question regarding whether the</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1907ER)</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		potential borrower has been approached, including via telephone or electronic means, by any person to send money in consideration of receiving money via a government or lottery organization. The bill has a delayed effective date of January 1, 2024.		
<a href="#">HB 2022</a>	<a href="#">Michelle Lopes Maldonado</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; rent increase during tenancy.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; rent increase during tenancy; conditions. Provides that a rental agreement shall not contain provisions that the tenant agrees to pay any increase in rent during the term of a written lease unless such increase is agreed to in a separate, written document signed by the tenant and the landlord that includes (i) the new amount of rent to be charged to the tenant, (ii) the date upon which the rent increase becomes effective, and (iii) any additional terms or benefits to the tenant agreed to as consideration for such increase in rent. Statutes affected:</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in General Laws</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23103906D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2058</a>	<a href="#">Alfonso H. Lopez</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; tenant's assertion, condemnation of leased premises.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; tenant's assertion; condemnation of leased premises; remedies. Provides a rebuttable presumption of a landlord's material noncompliance with the rental agreement if the leased premises was condemned by an appropriate state or local agency due to the landlord's or his agent's refusal or failure to remedy a condition for which he was served a condemnation notice, unless such condition was caused by an act of God. The bill requires a court, when such rebuttable presumption is established, to award the tenant the amount of three months' rent, any prepaid rent, and any security deposit paid by the tenant. Statutes affected.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in General Laws</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23103116D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2075</a>	<a href="#">Alfonso H. Lopez</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; terms and conditions of rental agreement.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; terms and conditions of rental agreement; warranty of habitability. Prohibits a landlord from waiving, either orally or in writing, his duty to maintain a fit premises and requires a landlord to include in every rental agreement the terms and conditions governing such duty.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in General Laws</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23103347D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 2082</a>	<a href="#">Candi Mundon King</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; employees of the landlord, rental dwelling unit keys.</b></p> <p>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; employees of the landlord; rental dwelling unit keys and electronic key codes. Requires a landlord who owns more than 200 rental dwelling units that are attached to the same piece of real property to require any applicant for employment in any position that will have access to keys, defined in the bill, to each rental dwelling unit to be subject to a pre-employment criminal history records check. The bill also provides that a landlord must establish written policies and procedures for the storage, issuance and return, and security of, access to, and, if applicable, usage and deactivation of rental dwelling unit keys and electronic key codes. The provisions of the bill do not apply to a financial institution or a real estate licensee.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 25, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2082ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 2135</a>	<a href="#">Karrie K. Delaney</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; early termination of rental agreement.</b></p> <p>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; early termination of rental agreement; victims of sexual abuse or criminal sexual assault. Provides that a tenant who is a victim of sexual abuse or other criminal sexual assault may terminate such tenant's obligations under a rental agreement if the tenant (i) has obtained a protective order and has given proper written notice of termination during the period of the protective order or any extension thereof or (ii) as evidence of such abuse or criminal sexual assault, has obtained (a) records or files from a federal or state agency, law-enforcement agency, or court; (b) documentation from a domestic violence or sexual assault program; or (c) documentation from a religious, medical, or other professional and has given written notice of termination. Under current law, there must be a conviction before the tenant may terminate such obligations under a rental agreement</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in General Laws	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100420D</a>
<a href="#">HB 2214</a>	<a href="#">Kathy K.L. Tran</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Property Disclosure Act; required disclosures, resource protection areas.</b></p> <p>Virginia Residential Property Disclosure Act; required disclosures; resource protection areas; locality to send notice. Requires the owner of residential real property located in the Commonwealth who has actual knowledge that the property contains a resource protection area established under the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act to disclose such fact to the purchaser of such property on</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in General Laws	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103841D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>a form provided by the Real Estate Board on its website. The bill also requires any locality that is subject to the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act to send, on a yearly basis, to every owner of real property containing a resource protection area written notice informing the owner of the importance of such fact and the penalties that may be imposed by the locality for a violation of any zoning, subdivision, or other ordinance adopted in accordance with the Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2309</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Virginia Motor Vehicle Warranty Enforcement Act; expands definition of motor vehicle.</b>            Virginia Motor Vehicle Warranty Enforcement Act; definitions. Expands the definition of "motor vehicle" in the Virginia Motor Vehicle Warranty Enforcement Act to include a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight under 10,000 pounds that is bought or used primarily for business purposes by a person or certain legal business entities to which not more than five motor vehicles are registered. The bill also adds electronic mail communications to the definition of "notify" or "notification" in the Act.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy	<a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23102795D</a>
<a href="#">HB 2382</a>	<a href="#">Marcus B. Simon</a>	<p><b>Virginia Consumer Protection Act; personal reproductive or sexual health information.</b>            Virginia Consumer Protection Act; personal reproductive or sexual health information. Adds obtaining, disclosing, selling, or disseminating certain enumerated personal reproductive or sexual health information without the consent of the consumer as a prohibited practice under the Virginia Consumer Protection Act.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Health, Welfare and Institutions	<a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23104473D</a>
<a href="#">HB 2441</a>	<a href="#">Marcia S. "Cia" Price</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; termination of multiple month-to-month tenancies.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; termination of multiple month-to-month tenancies by landlord. Requires any owner of multi-family premises that terminates 20 or more month-to-month tenancies within a consecutive 30-day period in the same multi-family premises to serve written notice on each such tenant at least 60 days prior to the next rent date.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 22, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (58-Y 39-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23106956D-S1</a>
<a href="#">HB 2447</a>	<a href="#">C. Matthew Fariss</a>	<p><b>Virginia Consumer Protection Act; prohibited practices.</b>            Virginia Consumer Protection Act; prohibited practices. Prohibits a seller from imposing any fee or charge as a banking fee or supply chain</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in	<a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23102105D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>fee, in connection with the sale of a good or service if such fee or charge is not communicated or otherwise disclosed to the consumer prior to providing or entering into an agreement to provide such good or service.</p>	<p>Commerce and Energy</p>	
<p><a href="#">SB 815</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a></p>	<p><b>Virginia Motor Vehicle Warranty Enforcement Act; expands definition of motor vehicle.</b>            Virginia Motor Vehicle Warranty Enforcement Act; definitions. Expands the definition of "motor vehicle" in the Virginia Motor Vehicle Warranty Enforcement Act to include a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight under 10,000 pounds that is bought or used primarily for business purposes by a person or certain legal business entities to which not more than five motor vehicles are registered. The bill expands the definition of "consumer" to include the purchaser, other than for purposes of resale, or the lessee, of a motor vehicle used primarily for business purposes if the purchaser or lessee is a person, partnership, limited liability company, corporation, association, or other legal entity to which not more than five motor vehicles are registered. The bill also adds electronic mail communications to the definition of "notify" or "notification" in the Act.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23100591D-E</a></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 891</a></p>	<p>John J. Bell</p>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; security deposits.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; security deposits. Increases from 15 to 30 days the additional time period that a landlord has to provide a tenant with an itemization of damages to the premises and the cost of repair when such damages exceed the amount of the tenant's security deposit and require the services of a third-party contractor. The bill has an expiration date of June 30, 2024, and is identical to HB 1542.</p>	<p>PASSED            House • Feb 16, 2023: Signed by Speaker</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB891ER)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 941</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Ghazala F. Hashmi</a></p>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; security deposits.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; security deposits. Provides that if a tenant is present for a move-out inspection, there are no damages to the dwelling unit beyond normal wear and tear based upon such inspection, and the tenant does not owe any rent to the landlord as of the date of such move-out inspection, the landlord shall refund the entirety of the security deposit to the tenant within 15 business days of the date of such move-out inspection. Such refund shall be returned to the tenant electronically, in person, or by mail at a forwarding address provided by the tenant.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in General Laws</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105383D-S1</a></p>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">SB 988</a>	<a href="#">Mark J. Peake</a>	<p><b>Virginia Consumer Protection Act; exclusions, residential home sales between private parties.</b>            Virginia Consumer Protection Act; exclusions; residential home sales between private parties. Excludes residential home sales between natural persons involving the seller's private residence from the provisions of the Virginia Consumer Protection</p>	<p>PASSED            Senate • Feb 22, 2023: House amendment agreed to by Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105558D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1026</a>	<a href="#">David R. Suetterlein</a>	<p><b>Consumer Data Protection Act; protections for children.</b>            Consumer Data Protection Act, protections for children. Requires an operator, defined in the bill, to obtain verifiable parental consent prior to registering any child with the operator's product or service or before collecting, using, or disclosing such child's personal data and prohibits a controller from knowingly processing the personal data of a child for purposes of (i) targeted advertising, (ii) the sale of such personal data, or (iii) profiling in furtherance of decisions that produce legal or similarly significant effects concerning a consumer. The bill also amends the definition of child for purposes of the Consumer Data Protection Act to include any natural person younger than 18 years of age.</p>	<p>FAILED            Senate • Jan 25, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in General Laws and Technology with letter (9-Y 6-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100496D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1040</a>	<a href="#">Jeremy S. McPike</a>	<p><b>Employee's social security number; prohibited use by employer, civil penalty.</b>            Employer use of use of employee's social security number; prohibited; civil penalty. Prohibits an employer from using an employee's social security number or any derivative thereof as such employee's identification number or including an employee's social security number or any number derived thereof on any identification card or badge, any access card or badge, or any other similar card or badge issued to such employee. The bill imposes a civil penalty of up to \$100 for any knowing violation of the prohibition.</p>	<p>PASSED            Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1040ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1108</a>	<a href="#">Frank M. Ruff, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Virginia Consumer Protection Act; prohibited practices, kratom products.</b>            Virginia Consumer Protection Act; prohibited practices; kratom products. Provides that it is a prohibited practice under the Virginia Consumer Protection Act to sell or offer for sale (i) (a) any kratom product, defined in the bill, that includes or is packed with a substance that is not kratom and that affects the quality or strength of the kratom product to such a degree as to render the kratom product injurious to a consumer, (b) any kratom extract</p>	<p>PASSED            Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Title replaced 23107120D-H1</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23107120D-H1</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>that contains levels of residual solvents that are higher than is allowed in the current edition of the United States Pharmacopeia, (c) any kratom product containing a level of 7-hydroxymitragynine in the alkaloid fraction that is greater than two percent of the overall alkaloid composition of the product, or (d) any kratom product containing any synthetic alkaloids, including synthetic mitragyna, synthetic 7-hydroxymitragynine, or any other synthetically derived compounds of the plant <i>Mitragyna speciosa</i>; (ii) any kratom product to a person younger than 18 years of age; or (iii) any kratom product that does not provide labeling directions necessary for use by consumers, including a recommended serving size.</p>		
<a href="#">SB 1138</a>	<a href="#">Jeremy S. McPike</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; rent increase during tenancy.</b> Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; rent increase during tenancy; conditions. Provides that, except for any increase in rent that occurs after the first year of a lease with a term longer than one year, a rental agreement shall not contain provisions that the tenant agrees to pay any increase in rent during the term of a written lease unless such increase is agreed to in a separate, written document signed by the tenant and the landlord that includes (i) the new amount of rent to be charged to the tenant, (ii) the date upon which the rent increase becomes effective, and (iii) any additional terms or benefits to the tenant agreed to as consideration for such increase in rent.</p>	House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in General Laws	<a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23104191D-E</a>
<a href="#">SB 1340</a>	<a href="#">George L. Barker</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; application limitations.</b> Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; application limitations. Prohibits a landlord from performing background, credit, or other pre-occupancy checks on an applicant without first (i) establishing a written rental application policy that includes a disclosure of the amount of all nonrefundable application fees and deposits and (ii) providing the applicant either (a) a copy of the landlord's written application policy or (b) an electronic communication stating where the landlord's written application policy may be accessed and providing a hyperlink or other electronic access to such policy. The written application policy may be provided through posting on a website available to the public.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in General Laws	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101879D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">SB 1469</a>	<a href="#">Lionell Spruill, Sr.</a>	<p><b>Virginia Residential Landlord &amp; Tenant Act; applicability, persons residing in hotels, motels, etc.</b>            Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act; applicability; persons residing in hotels, motels, etc. Provides that if a person resides in a hotel, motel, extended stay facility, vacation residential facility, boardinghouse, or similar transient lodging as his permanent residence, such lodging shall not be subject to the provisions of the Virginia Residential Landlord and Tenant Act. Under current law, such lodging is subject to the Act if a person has resided there or is subject to a written lease for more than 90 days.</p>	<p>FAILED            Senate • Feb 08, 2023: Left in General Laws and Technology</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Presented and ordered printed 23103710D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1540</a>	<a href="#">Todd E. Pillion</a>	<p><b>Consumer protection; automatic renewal or continuous service offer to consumer, exemptions.</b>            Consumer protection; automatic renewal or continuous service offer to consumer; exemptions. Exempts extended service contract providers, and their affiliates, regulated by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and insurers or entities regulated by Title 38.2 (Insurance) from provisions of law governing automatic renewal and continuous service offers to consumers. The bill also amends the definition of "automatic renewal" to mean a plan or arrangement in which a paid subscription or purchasing agreement is automatically renewed at the end of a definite term for a subsequent term of more than one month. Current law does not specify the length of the subsequent renewal term.</p>	<p>PASSED            Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1540ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2237</a>	<a href="#">Dan I. Helmer</a>	<p><b>Hospital price transparency; private right of action, patient payment disputes.</b>            Hospital price transparency; private right of action; patient payment disputes; noncompliance; prohibition of debt collection. Allows patients to bring an action against a hospital that is not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws. Under the bill, if a hospital is not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws on the date that an elective procedure, test, or service is provided to a patient by the hospital, the patient may bring an action, individually or jointly, against the hospital to recover payment of the price of the elective procedure, test, or service. Under the bill, a hospital that is not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws on the date that an elective procedure, test, or service is provided to a patient is liable for the price of the elective procedure, test, or service provided and an</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Health, Welfare and Institutions</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23103973D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>additional equal amount as liquidated damages, interest accruing from the date the elective procedure, test, or service was provided; and reasonable attorney fees and costs. The bill requires the court, if it finds that the hospital knowingly was not in material compliance with hospital price transparency laws, to award the patient an amount equal to triple the amount of the price of the elective procedure, test, or service and reasonable attorney fees and costs.</p>		

## Criminal

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1365</a>	<a href="#">Wren M. Williams</a>	<p><b>Admission to bail; rebuttable presumptions against bail.</b>  Admission to bail, rebuttable presumptions against bail. Creates a rebuttable presumption against bail for certain criminal offenses enumerated in the bill and for persons identified as being illegally present in the United States by U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement who are charged with certain offenses. The bill also requires the court to consider specified factors when determining whether the presumption against bail has been rebutted and whether there are appropriate conditions of release.</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 13, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100074D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1435</a>	<a href="#">Jason S. Ballard</a>	<p><b>Revocation of suspension of sentence and probation; hearing, sentencing.</b>  Revocation of suspension of sentence and probation; hearing; sentencing. Requires that if an alleged violation of the terms and conditions of a suspended sentence of probation is based on a criminal offense that was committed after the date of suspension, the hearing to revoke the suspension of sentence shall be held as soon as practicable after the accused has been convicted of the criminal offense. The bill also requires that if the court revokes the suspension and imposes any or all of the period previously suspended for a violation based on a new conviction, the court shall order such sentence to run concurrently with any sentence imposed.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100151D</a>
<a href="#">FAIELHB 1445</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Wyatt</a>	<p><b>Issuing citations; certain traffic offenses and odor of marijuana, exclusion of evidence.</b>  Issuing citations; certain traffic offenses and odor of marijuana; exclusion of evidence. Removes provisions prohibiting a law-enforcement officer from stopping a motor vehicle for operating (i) with an expired registration sticker prior to the first day of the fourth month after the original expiration date; (ii) with defective and unsafe equipment; (iii) without tail lights, brake lights, or a supplemental high mount stop light; (iv) without lighted headlights displayed when so required; (v) with certain tinting films, signs, posters, stickers or decals; (vi) with objects or other equipment suspended so as to obstruct the driver's view; or (vii) with an expired inspection prior to the first day of the fourth month after the original expiration date, as well as the accompanying exclusionary provisions. The bill also authorizes a law-enforcement</p>	FAILED House • Jan 23, 2023: Incorporated by Courts of Justice (HB1380-Campbell, R.R.) by voice vote	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101092D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>officer to lawfully stop, search, or seize a person, place, or thing or a search warrant to be issued based solely on the odor of marijuana if such odor creates a reasonable suspicion of a violation of the law prohibiting driving while intoxicated.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1455</a>	<a href="#">Timothy V. Anderson</a>	<p><b>Fentanyl; selling, giving, or distributing a substance that contains 2 mgms. or more, penalties.</b> Selling, giving, or distributing a substance containing fentanyl; penalties. Provides that any person who sells, gives, or distributes a substance he knows or should know contains two milligrams or more of any mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of fentanyl, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, to another person without such person's knowledge that the substance sold, given, or distributed contains fentanyl is guilty of attempted murder of the first degree by poison. The bill also provides that if such sale, gift, or distribution results in the death of the other person from his use of the substance containing fentanyl, then the person who sold, gave, or distributed the substance is guilty of murder of the first degree by poison.</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Feb 15, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary with letter (8-Y 7-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23106356D-H1</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1506</a>	<a href="#">Kelly K. Convirs-Fowler</a>	<p><b>Post-conviction relief; previously admitted scientific evidence.</b> Post-conviction relief; previously admitted scientific evidence. Provides that a person who was convicted of certain offenses, upon a plea of not guilty or an Alford plea, or who was adjudicated delinquent, upon a plea of not guilty or an Alford plea, by a circuit court of an offense that would be a covered offense if committed by an adult may petition the Court of Appeals to have his conviction vacated on the basis of new or discredited forensic scientific evidence, defined in the bill.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102059D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1561</a>	<a href="#">Vivian E. Watts</a>	<p><b>Arrest/prosecution of individual experiencing mental health emerg.; assault against law enforcement.</b> Assault or assault and battery against a law-enforcement officer; arrest and prosecution of individual experiencing a mental health emergency. Provides that no individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for an assault or assault and battery against a law-enforcement officer if at the time of the assault or assault and battery (i) the individual (a) is experiencing a mental health emergency or (b) meets the criteria for issuance of an emergency custody order pursuant to § 37.2-808 and (ii) the law-enforcement officer subject to the assault or assault and battery</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102003D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>was responding to a call for service requesting assistance for such individual. The bill provides that no law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is later determined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1583</a>	<a href="#">Richard C. "Rip" Sullivan, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Unmanned aircraft system; peeping or spying into a dwelling or occupied building, etc., penalty.</b>  Peeping or spying into a dwelling or enclosure, electronic device; penalty. Prohibits any person from knowingly and intentionally causing an electronic device to secretly or furtively peep, spy, or attempt to peep or spy into or through a window, door, or other aperture of any building, structure, or other enclosure occupied or intended for occupancy as a dwelling, whether or not such building, structure, or enclosure is permanently situated or transportable and whether or not such occupancy is permanent or temporary, or to do the same upon the person's own property that is leased or rented to another under circumstances that would violate the occupant's reasonable expectation of privacy.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (96-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23106610D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1584</a>	<a href="#">Richard C. "Rip" Sullivan, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Biological evidence; storage, preservation, and retention of evidence in felony cases.</b>  Storage, preservation, and retention of biological evidence in felony cases. Requires any governmental entity that possesses any biological evidence, defined in the bill, collected or obtained during an investigation of a felony case to ensure the storage, preservation, and retention of such biological evidence or representative samples for such period of time that (i) the defendant remains incarcerated or under any registration or supervision requirement in connection with the felony conviction or (ii) until the expiration of the statute of limitations for the alleged offense has lapsed in such case where a felony remains unsolved or no charges have been filed. The bill requires biological evidence to be preserved in a condition that is suitable for deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) testing and analysis, and such evidence shall be made available for DNA testing.  The bill requires the court, upon motion by the defendant, to order the Department of Forensic Science to submit an inventory of the biological evidence that has been preserved in the connection with the defendant's case, a copy of which shall be provided to the defendant. The bill requires the chief evidence custodian of a governmental entity to submit</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101673D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>an affidavit if such government entity cannot locate biological evidence that it is required to preserve, under penalty of perjury, that describes the biological evidence that cannot be located and details the efforts made to locate such evidence. The bill provides remedies...</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1613</a>	<a href="#">Angella Williams Graves</a>	<p><b>False emergency communication to emergency personnel; penalties, report.</b> False emergency communication to emergency personnel; penalties; report. Provides that it is a Class 1 misdemeanor for any person to knowingly report, or cause another to report in reliance on intentionally false information provided by such person, a false emergency communication to any emergency personnel that results in an emergency response. The bill also provides that it is a Class 6 felony if such false emergency communication results in an emergency response during which and as a result of such emergency response any person suffers a serious bodily injury and a Class 5 felony if any person is killed. The bill authorizes any locality to provide by ordinance that a person convicted of such false emergency communication shall be liable for the reasonable expense in responding to such false emergency communication. The bill also requires the Secretary of Education, together with the Secretary of Public Safety and Homeland Security, to convene a work group for the purpose of establishing best practices, policies, and procedures for school personnel in the event of false information resulting in an emergency response at or near a school.:</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23103594D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1642</a>	<a href="#">Terry G. Kilgore</a>	<p><b>Felony homicide; felonious acts, certain drug offenses, penalty.</b> Felony homicide; certain drug offenses; penalty. Provides that a person is guilty of felony homicide, which constitutes second degree murder and is punishable by confinement of not less than five nor more than 40 years, if the underlying felonious act that resulted in the killing of another involved the manufacture, sale, gift, or distribution of a Schedule I or II controlled substance to another and such other person's use of the controlled substance results in his death. The bill provides that venue for a prosecution of this crime shall lie in the locality where the underlying felony occurred, where the use of the controlled substance occurred, or where death occurred. The bill also provides that if a person gave or distributed a Schedule I or II controlled substance only as an accommodation to another individual who is</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Feb 13, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (8-Y 6-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23104469D-H1</a></p>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>not an inmate in a community correctional facility, local correctional facility, or state correctional facility, or in the custody of an employee thereof, and not with intent to profit thereby from any consideration received or expected nor to induce the recipient of the controlled substance to use or become addicted to or dependent upon such controlled substance, he is guilty of a Class 5 felony.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1654</a>	<a href="#">Marcia S. "Cia" Price</a>	<p><b>Civilian deaths in custody; report.</b>            Civilian deaths in custody; report. Requires every law-enforcement agency and correctional facility to report to the Department of Criminal Justice Services certain information regarding the death of any person who is detained, under arrest or in the process of being arrested, en route to be incarcerated, incarcerated, or otherwise in the custody of such law-enforcement agency or correctional facility. The bill provides that any law-enforcement agency or correctional facility that fails to comply may, at the discretion of the Department, be declared ineligible for state grants or funds. The bill also requires the Department to analyze the submitted data to (i) determine the means by which such information can be used to reduce the number of such deaths and (ii) examine the relationship, if any, between the number of such deaths and the actions of management of such law-enforcement agencies and correctional facilities. Finally, the bill requires the Director of the Department to annually report the findings and recommendations resulting from the analysis and interpretation of the data to the Governor, the General Assembly, and the Attorney General beginning on or before July 1, 2024, and each July 1 thereafter.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023; Left in Public Safety	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100300D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1655</a>	<a href="#">Marcia S. "Cia" Price</a>	<p><b>Fines, costs, forfeitures, etc.; collection fees, assessment against incarcerated defendant.</b>            Fines, costs, forfeitures, penalties, and restitution; collection fees; assessment against incarcerated defendant. Provides that no collection fees, including the fees of any private attorneys or collection agencies, administrative fees, or any other fees related to collection activities, shall be assessed for the collection of any fines, costs, forfeitures, penalties, or restitution imposed in a criminal case or in a case involving a traffic infraction (i) for any period during which the defendant is incarcerated and (ii) for a period of 180 days following the date of the defendant's release from incarceration if the sentence includes an active term of incarceration. The bill also extends from 90 days without</p>	FAILED Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101838D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		payment to 180 days without payment the period of delinquency for which the clerk of circuit court and district court is required to submit monthly lists of delinquent accounts.:		
<a href="#">HB 1672</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Resisting detention; Class 3 misdemeanor.</b>  Resisting detention; penalty. Makes it a Class 3 misdemeanor for any person to intentionally prevent or attempt to prevent a law-enforcement officer from lawfully detaining him, defined in the bill as fleeing or attempting to flee from a law-enforcement officer when (i) the officer has reasonable articulable suspicion to detain the person, (ii) the officer communicates to the person an order to stop, and (iii) the person refuses to obey the order to stop. The bill allows a person charged with committing this offense to be arrested and immediately brought before a magistrate. The bill requires law enforcement to make a report to the Central Criminal Records Exchange when any person is arrested on such charge.</p>	<p>FAILED  Senate • Feb 13, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Printed as engrossed 23101786D-E</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1673</a>	<a href="#">Robert B. Bell</a>	<p><b>Suffocation by blocking or obstructing the airway of another; penalty.</b>  Strangulation by blocking or obstructing the airway of another; penalty. Provides that any person who, without consent, impedes the blood circulation or respiration of another person by knowingly, intentionally, and unlawfully blocking or obstructing the airway of such person resulting in the wounding or bodily injury of such person is guilty of suffocation, a Class 6 felony. This bill is identical to SB 1156.</p>	<p>PASSED  House • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1673ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1699</a>	<a href="#">Mike A. Cherry</a>	<p><b>Minors; buying or selling, exceptions, penalties.</b>  Buying or selling of minors; exceptions; penalties. Creates a Class 5 felony for any person who offers money or other valuable thing to another for the purpose of purchasing or otherwise obtaining custody or control of a minor and thereafter does any substantial act in furtherance of such offer of purchase or obtaining custody or control of such minor. The bill also creates a Class 5 felony for any parent, legal guardian, or other person having custody or control of a minor who receives any money or other valuable thing for or on account of selling or otherwise transferring custody or control of such minor or who offers to sell or otherwise transfer custody or control of such minor. The bill creates exceptions for any person entering into a surrogacy contract or seeking to adopt a child or place his child for adoption pursuant to relevant law.</p>	<p>PASSED  House • Feb 22, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (95-Y 1-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23107017D-S1</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1705</a>	<a href="#">Robert B. Bell</a>	<p><b>Attorney General; instituting or conducting criminal prosecutions.</b>  Attorney General; instituting or conducting criminal prosecutions for violations of criminal sexual assault and commercial sex trafficking committed against children. Authorizes the Attorney General to institute or conduct criminal prosecutions in cases involving a violation of criminal sexual assault or commercial sex trafficking when such crimes are committed against children</p>	<p>FAILED  Senate • Feb 13, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103464D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1959</a>	<a href="#">Michael P. Mullin</a>	<p><b>Disposition of the unrestorably incompetent defendant; aggravated murder charge.</b>  Disposition of the unrestorably incompetent defendant; aggravated murder charge; sexually violent offense charge. Provides that if a defendant is ordered to undergo treatment to restore his competency to stand trial and the initial evaluator has found that the defendant has an ongoing and irreversible medical condition causing him to likely remain incompetent for the foreseeable future or that the defendant has been found to be unrestorably incompetent in the past two years, the initial evaluator shall send a report to the court and the court shall proceed with a competency determination.</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 22, 2023: Passed Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100522D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2016</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<p><b>Appointment of counsel; Class 1 felony cases, compensation.</b>  Appointment of counsel; Class 1 felonies. Provides that in any case in which an indigent defendant is charged with a Class 1 felony the court shall appoint two competent, qualified, and experienced attorneys, one of whom shall be the public defender in a jurisdiction in which a public defender office is established, for the defendant. As introduced, this bill was a recommendation of the Virginia Criminal Justice Conference.</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2016ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2044</a>	<a href="#">Irene Shin</a>	<p><b>Criminal and traffic cases; fines and costs assessed against juveniles, report.</b>  Fines and costs assessed against juveniles in criminal and traffic cases; report. Gives a court discretion in determining the appropriate amount, if any, of fines and fees imposed against a juvenile for a traffic infraction or other traffic offense and eliminates the court's authority to impose a fine as an order of disposition for a juvenile delinquency. The bill also provides that after a juvenile is adjudicated to be delinquent but prior to the imposition of any penalty, the court shall determine the applicable fees and costs,</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103663D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>including attorney fees, to be assessed against the juvenile's parents and shall determine if such juvenile's parents are financially able to pay for the attorney in whole or in part and refuse to do so. The bill provides that while determining if any fees or costs should be imposed, the court shall give the juvenile, or the juvenile's attorney, and the parents an opportunity to be heard. Finally, the bill requires the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia to annually report to the Governor and General Assembly on the total fines and costs assessed in the preceding calendar year in all criminal and traffic cases for each circuit court participating in the Office of the Executive Secretary's case management system and for each general district court and juvenile and domestic relations district court. The bill requires that the report include the fines and costs assessed by race of the defendant. The bill contains technical.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2079</a>	<a href="#">Kathleen Murphy</a>	<p><b>Assault and battery against a family or household member; prior conviction, second offense sentence.</b>  Assault and battery against a family or household member; prior conviction; second offense. Provides that upon a conviction for assault and battery against a family or household member where it is alleged in the warrant, petition, information, or indictment on which a person is convicted that such person has been previously convicted of an offense that occurred within a period of 10 years of the instant offense against a family or household member of (i) assault and battery against a family or household member, (ii) malicious wounding or unlawful wounding, (iii) aggravated malicious wounding, (iv) malicious bodily injury by means of a substance, (v) strangulation, or (vi) an offense under the law of any other jurisdiction that has the same elements of any of the offenses listed in clauses (i) through (v), such person is guilty of a Class 1 misdemeanor, and the sentence of such person shall include a mandatory minimum term of confinement of 30 days.</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23100691D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2106</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey M. Bourne</a>	<p><b>Arrest/prosecution of individual experiencing mental health emerg.; assault against law enforcement.</b>  Assault or assault and battery against a law-enforcement officer; arrest and prosecution of individual experiencing a mental health emergency. Provides that no individual shall be subject to arrest or prosecution for an assault or assault and battery against a law-enforcement officer if at the time of the assault</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23102120D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>or assault and battery (i) the individual (a) is experiencing a mental health emergency or (b) meets the criteria for issuance of an emergency custody order pursuant to § 37.2-808 and (ii) the law-enforcement officer subject to the assault or assault and battery was responding to a call for service requesting assistance for such individual. The bill provides that no law-enforcement officer acting in good faith shall be found liable for false arrest if it is later determined that the person arrested was immune from prosecution.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2165</a>	<a href="#">Wren M. Williams</a>	<p><b>Criminal appeals; duties of the Attorney General and attorney for the Commonwealth.</b>  Criminal appeals; duties of the Attorney General and attorney for the Commonwealth. Provides that in all criminal cases before the Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court of Virginia in which the Commonwealth is a party or is directly interested, the Attorney General shall appear and represent the Commonwealth upon receipt of the record in the appellate court. The bill provides that the attorney for the Commonwealth shall continue to represent the Commonwealth in any appeal regarding bail, bond, or recognizance before the Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court for which he was the prosecuting attorney. Under current law, the Attorney General assumes representation of the Commonwealth upon the filing of the notice of appeal. The bill provides that the attorney for the Commonwealth shall represent the Commonwealth before the appellate courts on criminal pretrial petitions for appeal. The bill also provides that any appeal from any action collaterally attacking a criminal conviction lies directly to the Supreme Court. The bill eliminates the requirement that four copies of each brief shall be filed and three copies shall be mailed or delivered to opposing counsel on or before the date of filing in criminal pretrial appeals. This bill is identical to SB 1259.:</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2165ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2166</a>	<a href="#">Wren M. Williams</a>	<p><b>Racketeering offenses; penalty.</b>  Racketeering offenses; penalty. Adds petit larceny to the list of offenses included in the definition of "racketeering activity." The bill prohibits any person who is directed by an organizer, supervisor, or manager of an enterprise from (i) receiving or distributing any proceeds known to have been derived directly from racketeering activity and (ii) using or investing an aggregate of \$10,000 or more of such proceeds in the acquisition of any title to, or any right, interest, or equity in, real property, or in the establishment or operation</p>	<p>PASSED  House • Feb 22, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (57-Y 40-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23106927D-S1</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>of any enterprise. A first offense is punishable by between five and 40 years' imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$1 million, and a second or subsequent offense is punishable as a Class 2 felony and a fine of not more than \$2 million.</p> <p>Current law criminalizes an enterprise or any person who occupies a position of organizer, supervisor, or manager of an enterprise for (a) receiving proceeds from racketeering and (b) using or investing \$10,000 or more of such proceeds in the acquisition of any title to, or any right, interest, or equity in, real property, or in the establishment or operation of any enterprise.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2226</a>	<a href="#">William C. Wampler III</a>	<p><b>Parolee or felon; arrest &amp; return when serving a period of postrelease supervision.</b></p> <p>Arrest and return of parolee or felon serving a period of postrelease supervision. Directs the circuit court of the sentencing jurisdiction to initiate proceedings against a felon serving a period of postrelease supervision upon a showing of a violation or probable violation of any of the terms or conditions of his release. Under current law, the Chairman or any member of the Parole Board initiates such proceedings.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102387D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2241</a>	<a href="#">Rodney T. Willett</a>	<p><b>Human services workers; assault and battery, penalty.</b></p> <p>Assault and battery of human services workers; penalty. Makes it a Class 1 misdemeanor to commit a battery against another knowing or having reason to know that such individual is a human services worker who is engaged in the performance of his duties. The bill requires that, upon conviction, such individual's sentence shall include 15 days in jail, two days of which shall be a mandatory minimum. The bill defines "human services worker" as any full-time or part-time employee of a human resources agency, as defined in § 15.2-964, or of a political subdivision or local government responsible for providing the same services.</p>	<p>House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102648D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2320</a>	<a href="#">Eileen H. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Dangerous weapons; carrying to place of religious worship.</b></p> <p>Carrying dangerous weapon to place of religious worship; penalty; repeal. Repeals the prohibition on the carrying of a dangerous weapon in a place of worship without good and sufficient reason while a meeting for religious purposes is being held at such place.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23102266D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 2398</a>	<a href="#">Robert B. Bell</a>	<p><b>Sexual extortion; penalties.</b> Sexual extortion; penalties. Adds sexual extortion, defined in the bill as when an accused maliciously disseminates or sells, or threatens to maliciously disseminate or sell, a videographic or still image created by any means whatsoever that depicts the complaining witness or such complaining witness's family or household member who is totally nude, or in a state of undress so as to expose the genitals, pubic area, buttocks, or female breast, to the list of actions that, when used to accomplish certain acts against the will of another person, constitute rape, forcible sodomy, object sexual penetration, aggravated sexual battery, or sexual battery.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 25, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Conference substitute printed 23107556D-H1</a>
<a href="#">HB 2448</a>	<a href="#">G. "John" Avoli</a>	<p><b>Arrest without warrant authorized in certain cases; powers of arrest, private police officers.</b> Arrest without warrant authorized in certain cases; powers of arrest; private police officers. Adds private police officers employed by a private police department to the list of officers that have the powers of arrest without a warrant in certain cases.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 03, 2023: Failed to report (defeated) in Courts of Justice (9-Y 11-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23104305D</a>
<a href="#">SB 112</a>	<a href="#">Joseph D. Morrissey</a>	<p><b>Parole statutes; application for juveniles and persons committed upon certain felony offenses.</b> Application of parole statutes for juveniles and persons committed upon felony offenses committed on or after January 1, 1995. Repeals the abolition of parole. The bill requires the Virginia Parole Board to establish procedures for consideration of parole for persons who were previously ineligible for parole because parole was abolished and to allow for an extension of time for the scheduling of a parole interview for reasonable cause.</p>	FAILED Senate • Jan 31, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Judiciary (15-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/12/22 22103312D</a>
<a href="#">SB 821</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a>	<p><b>Arrests, certain, and convictions of certain individuals; reports to division superintendents.</b> Reports of certain arrests and convictions of certain individuals to division superintendents; employment verification; method of submission; compilation. Requires each division superintendent to identify, update as necessary, and make available to the Department of Education and to other appropriate individuals a fax number, an email address, and a mailing address at which the division superintendent will receive the reports required to be transmitted pursuant to relevant law from (i) every state official or agency and every sheriff, police officer, or other local law-</p>	PASSED House • Feb 25, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (95-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Conference substitute printed 23107562D-S1</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>enforcement officer or conservator of the peace having the power to arrest for a felony upon arresting a person who is known or discovered by the arresting official to be a full-time, part-time, permanent, or temporary teacher or any other employee in any local school division in the Commonwealth for a felony or a Class 1 misdemeanor or an equivalent offense in another state and (ii) the clerk of any circuit court or any district court in the Commonwealth upon the conviction of a Board of Education-licensed school employee for certain enumerated felonies.</p>		
<p><a href="#">SB 837</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Siobhan S. Dunnavant</a></p>	<p><b>Juveniles; prohibited sales and loans, clarifies definition of sexual conduct, etc.</b>            Prohibited sales and loans to juveniles: definition of sexual conduct. Clarifies the definition of "sexual conduct" so that it is neutral regarding sexual orientation for the purposes of crimes related to prohibited sales and loans to juveniles. Statutes affected: Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101805D: 18.2-390</p>	<p>PASSED            Senate • Jan 16, 2023:            Incorporated by Judiciary (SB835-Surovell) (15-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101805D</a></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 877</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Ryan T. McDougle</a></p>	<p><b>Admission to bail; act of violence.</b>            Admission to bail; act of violence. Provides that a magistrate shall not admit a person to bail who is charged with an act of violence without the consent of the attorney for the Commonwealth for the jurisdiction in which the case it filed.</p>	<p>FAILED            Senate • Feb 01, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101102D</a></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 896</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Ryan T. McDougle</a></p>	<p><b>Racketeering offenses; penalty.</b>            Racketeering offenses; penalty. Adds petit larceny to the list of offenses included in the definition of "racketeering activity." The bill prohibits any person who is directed by an organizer, supervisor, or manager of an enterprise from (i) receiving or distributing any proceeds or anything of value known to have been derived directly from racketeering activity and (ii) using or investing an aggregate of <b>\$10,000 or more of such proceeds or such things of value in the acquisition of any title to, or any right, interest, or equity in, real property, or in the establishment or operation of any enterprise. A first offense is punishable by between five and 40 years' imprisonment and a fine of not more than \$1 million, and a second or subsequent offense is punishable as a Class 2 felony and a fine of not more than \$2 million.</b>            Current law criminalizes an enterprise or any person who occupies a position of organizer, supervisor, or manager of an enterprise for (a) receiving proceeds from racketeering and (b) using or investing \$10,000 or more of such</p>	<p>PASSED            Senate • Feb 25, 2023: Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB896ER)</a></p>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		proceeds in the acquisition of any title to, or any right, interest, or equity in, real property, or in the establishment or operation of any enterprise.		
<a href="#">SB 902</a>	<a href="#">Ryan T. McDougle</a>	<b>Attorney General; instituting or conducting criminal prosecutions.</b> Attorney General; instituting or conducting criminal prosecutions for violations of criminal sexual assault and commercial sex trafficking committed against children. Authorizes the Attorney General to institute or conduct criminal prosecutions in cases involving a violation of criminal sexual assault or commercial sex trafficking when such crimes are committed against children.	FAILED Senate • Jan 18, 2023; Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (8-Y 7-N)	Senate: <a href="#">Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103513D</a>
<a href="#">SB 921</a>	<a href="#">John A. Cosgrove, Jr.</a>	<b>Sex offenses; prohibiting proximity to children and school property, penalty.</b> Sex offenses prohibiting proximity to children and school property; penalty. Adds certain prostitution and commercial sex crimes to the list offenses that would prohibit an adult if convicted of such offense from (i) loitering within 100 feet of the premises of any place he knows or has reason to know is a primary, secondary or high school, (ii) working or engaging in any volunteer activity on property he knows or has reason to know is a public or private elementary or secondary school or child day center property, and (iii) entering or being present upon any property he knows or has reason to know is a public or private elementary or secondary school or child day center property, a school bus, or any property, public or private, during hours when such property is solely being used by a public or private elementary or secondary school for a school-related or school-sponsored activity.	FAILED Senate • Jan 18, 2023; Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 5-N)	Senate: <a href="#">Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100747D</a>
<a href="#">SB 929</a>	<a href="#">Ghazala F. Hashmi</a>	<b>Misdemeanor; reduces maximum term of confinement.</b> Misdemeanor; maximum term of confinement. Reduces from 12 months to 364 days the maximum term of confinement in jail for a Class 1 misdemeanor. The bill contains technical amendments.	FAILED House • Feb 22, 2023; Left in Courts of Justice	Senate: <a href="#">Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100748D</a>
<a href="#">SB 939</a>	<a href="#">John S. Edwards</a>	<b>Discretionary sentencing guidelines; written explanation, appeal.</b> Sentencing guidelines; written explanation; appeal. Requires that the written explanation the court files with the record of a case when departing from the sentencing guidelines adequately explains the sentence imposed to	FAILED House • Feb 22, 2023; Left in Courts of Justice	Senate: <a href="#">Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101368D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>promote fair sentencing. The bill provides that the failure to follow any of the required sentencing provisions, including the failure to provide a written explanation that adequately explains the sentence imposed, shall be reviewable on appeal or may be the basis of any other post-conviction relief. The bill also provides that the failure to provide a written explanation that adequately explains the sentence imposed is an error that may constitute a basis for resentencing by the trial judge. Under current law, the failure to follow any or all of the provisions of the sentencing guidelines or the failure to follow any or all of such provisions in the prescribed manner is not reviewable on appeal and cannot be the basis of any other post-conviction relief. The provisions of the bill apply only to those sentencing hearings conducted and such sentences imposed on or after July 1, 2023</p>		
<a href="#">SB 958</a>	<a href="#">Richard H. Stuart</a>	<p><b>Writs of actual innocence; statute of limitations for filing of a petition.</b> Writs of actual innocence. Requires the Attorney General to provide written notice of intent to join a petition for a writ of actual innocence to the local attorney for the Commonwealth in the jurisdiction of conviction or adjudication of delinquency. The bill directs the Court of Appeals to dismiss any second or subsequent petition for failure to identify new or different evidence in support of actual innocence or for failure to assert the new or different evidence in a prior petition under circumstances that constitute an abuse of the writ. The bill directs the Attorney General to notify the victim or victim's representative of a hearing scheduled or any oral argument; the victim or victim's representative has the right to attend such hearing or oral argument.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Passage (52-Y 43-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23104615D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 973</a>	<a href="#">Mark J. Peake</a>	<p><b>Sexually violent predators; civil commitment, penalty.</b> Civil commitment of sexually violent predators; penalty. Creates a Class 6 felony for any civilly committed sexually violent predator who tampers with or in any way attempts to circumvent the operation of his GPS equipment while on conditional release. affected:</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (95-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23106683D-H1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 989</a>	<a href="#">Mark J. Peake</a>	<p><b>Crime victim rights; notification from the attorney for the Commonwealth.</b> Crime victim rights; notification from the attorney for the Commonwealth. Requires an attorney for the Commonwealth to consult with a crime victim in a felony case to (i) inform the victim of the contents of a proposed plea agreement and (ii) obtain the victim's views</p>	<p>PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB989ER)</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		about the disposition of the case. The bill provides that the victim shall be notified of any proceeding in which the plea agreement will be tendered to the court. Under current law, such consultation and notification is required only upon the victim's request. This bill is identical to HB 1943.		
<a href="#">SB 1054</a>	<a href="#">Mark J. Peake</a>	<b>Interjurisdictional compacts; criminal history record checks.</b> Interjurisdictional compacts; criminal history record checks. Provides that when an interjurisdictional compact requires criminal history record checks as a condition of participation, the applicable health regulatory board shall require each applicant to submit to fingerprinting and provide personal descriptive information to be forwarded along with his fingerprints through the Central Criminal Records Exchange to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information. This bill is identical to HB 2157.	PASSED Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1054ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1207</a>	<a href="#">Ryan T. McDougle</a>	<b>Gangs; clarifies the definition of "predicate criminal act."</b> Crimes by gangs. Provides that the definition of "predicate criminal act" includes all violent felony offenses for purposes of predicate criminal acts for street gangs. The bill also increases various penalties for gang crimes.	PASSED House • Feb 25, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (56-Y 39-N)	<a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23106692D-H1</a>
<a href="#">SB 1223</a>	<a href="#">Mark D. Obenshain</a>	<b>Vulnerable adults; financial exploitation, venue for trial.</b> Financial exploitation of vulnerable adults; venue. Provides that, in addition to the county or city in which any act was performed in furtherance of the offense or the accused resided at the time of the offense, venue for the trial of an accused charged with financial exploitation of vulnerable adult may be in any county or city in which (i) the vulnerable adult resides or resided at the time of the offense or (ii) the vulnerable adult sustained a financial loss as a result of the offense. This bill is a recommendation of the Virginia Criminal Justice Conference.	PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100603D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1245</a>	<a href="#">Mark D. Obenshain</a>	<b>Parolee or felon; arrest &amp; return when serving a period of postrelease supervision.</b> Arrest and return of parolee or felon serving a period of postrelease supervision. Directs the circuit court of the sentencing jurisdiction to initiate proceedings against a felon serving a period of postrelease supervision upon a showing of a violation or probable violation of any of the terms or conditions of his release.	FAILED Senate • Feb 25, 2023: Failed to pass in Senate	<a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23106793D-H1</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		Under current law, the Chairman or any member of the Parole Board initiates such proceedings.		
<a href="#">SB 1303</a>	<a href="#">Jennifer B. Boysko</a>	<p><b>Defendant with a disorder or disability; sealing of criminal history record information, etc.</b></p> <p>Expungement and sealing of offenses resulting in a deferred and dismissed disposition or conviction by petition; defendant with a disorder or disability. Provides that a defendant with a disorder or disability, as defined in the bill, may file a petition that requests the sealing of the criminal history record information and court records of a Class 4 felony conviction or deferred and dismissed disposition. Under current law, Class 4 felony convictions or deferred and dismissed dispositions are ineligible to be sealed</p>	FAILED House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23104302D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1490</a>	<a href="#">Jill Holtzman Vogel</a>	<p><b>Fentanyl; selling, giving, or distributing a substance that contains 2 mgms. or more, penalties.</b></p> <p>Selling, giving, or distributing a substance containing fentanyl; penalties. Provides that any person who sells, gives, or distributes a substance he knows or should know contains two milligrams or more of any mixture or substance containing a detectable amount of fentanyl, including its isomers, esters, ethers, salts, and salts of isomers, to another person without such person's knowledge that the substance sold, given, or distributed contains fentanyl is guilty of attempted murder of the first degree by poison. The bill also provides that if such sale, gift, or distribution results in the death of the other person from his use of the substance containing fentanyl, then the person who sold, gave, or distributed the substance is guilty of murder of the first degree by poison.</p>	FAILED Senate • Jan 25, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Presented and ordered printed 23104369D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1507</a>	<a href="#">T. Montgomery "Monty" Mason</a>	<p><b>Criminal proceedings; disposition when defendant found incompetent.</b></p> <p>Criminal proceedings; disposition when defendant found incompetent; evaluation for temporary detention. Requires a competency evaluation report, when ordered to determine whether a defendant charged with certain misdemeanors lacks capacity to stand trial, to identify whether the defendant should be evaluated to determine whether he meets the criteria for temporary detention in the event he is found incompetent but restorable or incompetent for the foreseeable future. The bills allows the court, when an evaluation for temporary detention is recommended, to order the local community services board or</p>	PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23102234D-E</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>behavioral health authority to conduct an evaluation of the defendant and, if the defendant meets the criteria for temporary detention, file a petition for a temporary detention order. The bill requires the community services board or behavioral health authority to notify the court, in writing, within 72 hours of the completion of the evaluation. In cases in which the defendant fails or refuses to appear for the evaluation, the bill requires the community services board or behavioral health authority to notify the court of such failure or refusal and requires the court to issue a mandatory examination order and capias directing the local primary law-enforcement agency to transport the defendant to the location designated by the community services board or behavioral health authority for examination. The bill repeals the sunset on the provisions of Chapter 508 of the Acts of Assembly..</p>		
<a href="#">SB 1523</a>	<a href="#">L. Louise Lucas</a>	<p><b>Marijuana related offenses; modification of sentence.</b>  Modification of sentence for marijuana related offenses. Creates a process by which persons convicted of certain felony marijuana-related offenses committed prior to July 1, 2022, who remain incarcerated or on community supervision on July 1, 2023, may receive an automatic hearing to consider modification of such person's sentence. The bill also allows persons convicted of any felony offense committed prior to July 1, 2022, who remain incarcerated or on community supervision on July 1, 2023, and whose sentence may have been enhanced because of a previous felony marijuana offense or without the involvement of marijuana such felony offense conviction or felony sentence enhancement would not have been possible, as the involvement of marijuana was necessary to satisfy the elements of the charged offense or the sentence enhancement, to petition the circuit court for modification of such person's sentence. The bill requires such petition to be filed by July 1, 2025. The provisions of this bill sunset on July 1, 2026.</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Presented and ordered printed 23104771D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1033</a>	<a href="#">Jeremy S. McPike</a>	<p><b>Guardian ad litem; appointment for minor witness.</b>  Appointment of guardian ad litem for minor witness. Authorizes a general district court, when the court determines circumstances so require, to appoint a discreet and competent guardian ad litem to represent a minor who is required to testify as a witness in a case before the court. The bill provides that such guardian ad litem shall be compensated for the provision of such services consistent with</p>	<p>PASSED  House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105280D-S1</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		the rates and procedures set by the Supreme Court of Virginia for compensation of court-appointed counsel.		
<a href="#">SB 916</a>	<a href="#">Joseph D. Morrissey</a>	<b>Public defender office; establishes an office for the County of Henrico.</b> Public defender offices; County of Henrico. Establishes a public defender office for the County of Henrico.	FAILED Senate • Feb 08, 2023: Left in Finance and Appropriations	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103122D</a>

## Employment/Labor

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1569</a>	<a href="#">Wendell S. Walker</a>	<p><b>Virginia Freedom of Information Act; disclosure of personnel records.</b> Virginia Freedom of Information Act; disclosure of personnel records. Clarifies that personnel records excluded from disclosure under the Virginia Freedom of Information Act include those of persons employed by (i) a public body engaged in emergency medical services or fire protection services, (ii) a law-enforcement agency, or (iii) an emergency 911 system or any other equivalent reporting system. The bill also contains technical amendments.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1569ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1616</a>	<a href="#">Nadarius E. Clark</a>	<p><b>Workplace violence; policy required for certain employers, civil penalty.</b> Workplace violence policy required for certain employers; civil penalty. Requires any employer of 100 or more employees to develop, implement, and maintain a workplace violence policy no later than January 1, 2024. The bill includes requirements for such a policy, such as procedures and methods for employee reporting of incidents and post-incident investigations. Employers subject to the bill are required to maintain documentation of workplace violence incidents for not less than five years. An employer that violates the provisions of the bill shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 per violation. The bill prohibits retaliation from an employer on the basis of reporting a workplace violence incident and provides that any employee who makes a report of workplace violence shall be immune from civil liability.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103250D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1639</a>	<a href="#">Wendell S. Walker</a>	<p><b>Unemployment compensation; reduces time to file appeal.</b> Unemployment compensation; time to file appeal. Reduces from 30 days to 15 days (i) the time after notice of the determination of a claim within which a claimant is required to file an appeal before such determination becomes final and (ii) the time after the date of notification or mailing of an appeal tribunal's decision on an unemployment compensation claim within which a party is required to file a subsequent appeal before such decision becomes final.</p>	FAILED House • Jan 26, 2023: Tabled in Commerce and Energy (22-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103746D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1715</a>	<a href="#">Nadarius E. Clark</a>	<p><b>Workplace violence; Department of Labor and Industry to convene work group to evaluate, report.</b></p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>Department of Labor and Industry; work group to evaluate workplace violence. Directs the Department of Labor and Industry to convene a work group for the purpose of evaluating the prevalence of workplace violence in the Commonwealth, including its effects on the workplace and measures to address workplace violence. The bill requires the work group to submit a report of its findings and recommendations to the Chairmen of the House Committee on Commerce and Energy and the Senate Committee on Commerce and Labor no later than December 1, 2025.</p>	<p>Commerce and Energy</p>	<p><a href="#">01/11/23</a> <a href="#">23103260D</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 1988</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Elizabeth R. Guzman</a></p>	<p><b>Employment; paid sick leave, civil penalties.</b>  Employment; paid sick leave; civil penalties. Expands provisions of the Code that currently provide paid sick leave for home health workers to cover all employees of private employers and state and local governments. The bill provides that accrued paid sick leave can be carried over to the following year and that employees transferred to a separate division or location remain entitled to previously accrued paid sick leave. The bill provides that paid sick leave may be used for the closure of an employee's place of business by order of a public official due to a public health emergency, for an employee's need to care for a child whose school or place of care has been closed due to a public health emergency, or for an employee to care for himself or a family member who has been exposed to a communicable disease. The bill requires each employer to provide its employees a written notice of its paid sick leave policy at the commencement of employment and prohibits an employer from taking retaliatory personnel action against an employee for exercising the rights provided in the bill.  The bill authorizes the Commissioner of Labor and Industry, in the case of a knowing violation, to subject an employer to a civil penalty not to exceed \$150 for the first violation, \$300 for the second violation, and \$500 for each successive violation. The Commissioner may institute proceedings on behalf of an employee to enforce compliance with the provisions of this bill and to collect specified amount</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy</p>	<p>House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered  <a href="#">01/11/23</a>  <a href="#">23103114D</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 2023</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Michelle Lopes Maldonado</a></p>	<p><b>Wage or salary history inquiries prohibited; civil penalty.</b>  Wage or salary history inquiries prohibited; civil penalty. Prohibits a prospective employer from (i) seeking the wage or salary history of a prospective employee; (ii) relying on the wage or salary history of a prospective employee in</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy</p>	<p>House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered  <a href="#">01/11/23</a>  <a href="#">23104189D</a></p>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>determining the wages or salary the prospective employee is to be paid upon hire; (iii) relying on the wage or salary history of a prospective employee in considering the prospective employee for employment; (iv) refusing to interview, hire, employ, or promote a prospective employee or otherwise retaliating against a prospective employee for not providing wage or salary history; (v) failing or refusing to provide a prospective employee the wage or salary range for the position for which the prospective employee is applying prior to discussing compensation and at any time upon the prospective employee's request; and (vi) failing to set a wage or salary range in good faith. The bill establishes a cause of action for an aggrieved prospective employee or employee and provides that an employer that violates such prohibitions is liable to the aggrieved prospective employee or employee for statutory damages between \$1,000 and \$10,000 or actual damages, whichever is greater; reasonable attorney fees and costs; and any other legal and equitable relief as may be appropriate. The bill also provides for civil penalties for violations not to exceed \$1,000 for a first violation, \$2,000 for a second violation, and \$4,000 for a third or subsequent violation.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2116</a>	<a href="#">Sally L. Hudson</a>	<p><b>Employment; restrictions on use of credit report for employment purposes.</b>  Employment; restrictions on use of credit report for employment purposes. Prohibits employers from (i) using a credit report in connection with or as a criterion for employment purposes, (ii) requesting or procuring a credit report for employment purposes, or (iii) requiring an employee or prospective employee to answer a question about the contents of a credit report or the information contained therein. Notwithstanding this prohibition, the bill lists conditions under which an employer or person acting on behalf of an employer may obtain, use, or seek a credit report from an employee or prospective employee. The bill prohibits any waiver of its requirements and prohibits retaliation and other discrimination or adverse action taken by an employer against an employee for alleging a violation of its requirements. The bill provides that the State Corporation Commission shall enforce the requirements of the bill by imposing civil penalties, notifying employers, and conducting informal conferences to assess violations.</p>	<p><b>FAILED</b>  House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103020D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1435</a>	John J. Bell	<p><b>Unemployment compensation; reduces time to file appeal.</b></p>	<p><b>FAILED</b>  Senate • Jan 30,</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>Unemployment compensation; time to file appeal. Reduces from 30 days to 15 days (i) the time after notice of the determination of a claim within which a claimant is required to file an appeal before such determination becomes final and (ii) the time after the date of notification or mailing of an appeal tribunal's decision on an unemployment compensation claim within which a party is required to file a subsequent appeal before such decision becomes final.</p>	<p>2023: Passed by indefinitely in Commerce and Labor with letter (15-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23103944D</a></p>

## Family

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 713</a>	<a href="#">Mark L. Keam</a>	<p><b>Family abuse; coercive control, penalty.</b>            Family abuse; coercive control; penalty. Makes it a Class 1 misdemeanor for a person to engage in coercive control, defined in the bill, of a family or household member. The bill also includes coercive control in the definition of "family abuse" used for the basis of the issuance of family abuse protective orders.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 11, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Courts of Justice (18-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/12/22 22102744D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1086</a>	<a href="#">James A. "Jay" Leftwich</a>	<p><b>Adoption; death of joint petitioner prior to entry of final order.</b>            Death of joint petitioner prior to entry of final order of adoption. Provides that in cases in which married persons, or persons who were previously married and who are permitted to adopt a child and one of the petitioners dies before entry of a final order of adoption, the adoption may proceed in the name of both petitioners upon request of the surviving petitioner. The bill further provides that, upon entry of a final order, the child shall be, for all intents and purposes, the child of both petitioners.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Jan 25, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Health, Welfare and Institutions by voice vote</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/12/22 22102645D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1385</a>	<a href="#">Jason S. Ballard</a>	<p><b>Divorce; affidavit submitted as evidence, minor children of the parties.</b>            Divorce; affidavit; children of the parties. Clarifies that an affidavit submitted as evidence in support of a divorce shall state whether there were minor children either born of the parties, born of either party and adopted by the other, or adopted by both parties. Current law provides that such an affidavit shall state whether there were children born or adopted of the marriage.</p>	<p>PASSED            • Feb 27, 2023: Governor's Action Deadline 11:59 p.m., March 27, 2023</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1385ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1386</a>	<a href="#">Jason S. Ballard</a>	<p><b>Interlocutory decrees or orders, certain; appeals, report.</b>            Appeals of certain interlocutory decrees or orders; report. Prohibits the appeal of certain interlocutory decrees or orders relating to affirmance or annulment of a marriage, divorce, custody of a minor child, spousal or child support, control or disposition of a minor child, or any other domestic relations matter arising under Title 16.1 (Courts Not of Record) or 20 (Domestic Relations) of the Code of Virginia. The bill also restores the Court of Appeal's jurisdiction over appeals of orders granting or denying pleas of immunity. Under current law, such orders are appealable to the Supreme Court. The bill requires the Virginia</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101460D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		Family Law Coalition to study appeals of interlocutory decrees and orders involving domestic relations matters in the Commonwealth and to report the findings of such study to the Chairmen of the Senate Committee on the Judiciary and the House Committee for Courts of Justice by October 1, 2024.		
<a href="#">HB 1493</a>	<a href="#">Glenn R. Davis</a>	<p><b>Best interests of the child; assuring frequent and continuing contact with both parents.</b></p> <p>Best interests of the child; assuring frequent and continuing contact with both parents. Provides that, in determining the best interests of a child for purposes of custody and parenting time arrangements, upon request of either party, the court shall assure a minor child of frequent and continuing contact with both parents so as to maximize the amount of time the minor child spends with each parent.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Jan 23, 2023: Failed to report (defeated) in Courts of Justice (9-Y 10-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101720D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1541</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Evidence of medical reports, etc.; testimony of health care provider or custodian.</b></p> <p>Evidence of medical reports, statements, or records; testimony of health care provider or custodian of records in juvenile and domestic relations district court, custody, visitation, placement, and support cases. Provides that in any civil case in a juvenile and domestic relations district court involving the custody, visitation, placement, or support of a child or spouse any party and any guardian ad litem may present evidence as to the extent, nature, and treatment of a party or child and the costs of such treatment and examination by (i) a report or statement from the treating or examining health care provider for his treatment of the party or child or (ii) the bills showing the costs of examination or treatment or records of a treating or examining health care provider for his treatment of a child or party under certain circumstances. The bill requires that such evidence be admitted if the party intending to present such evidence gives the opposing party written notice 30 days in advance of trial. The bill also requires that if any opposing party intends to file a pleading in response to such evidence, such party must do so at least 15 days in advance of trial. This bill is identical to SB 799.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1541ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1550</a>	<a href="#">Jeffrey L. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Child abuse or neglect; findings of local department of social services, appeal.</b></p> <p>Child abuse or neglect; findings of local department of social services; appeal.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 22, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (97-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Printed as engrossed 23102791D-E</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		Provides that in cases in which a teacher licensed by the Board of Education or through an alternative pathway and employed by a local school board is found by a local department of social services to have committed child abuse or neglect, the teacher may, after exhausting all options for review by the local department and Commissioner of Social Services, petition the circuit court for a de novo review of such finding. Under current law, such persons may obtain review of the decision only in accordance with the Administrative Process Act.		
<a href="#">HB 1553</a>	<a href="#">Emily M. Brewer</a>	<b>Nonfamily adoptions; creates a nonrefundable tax credit for taxable years 2023 through 2027.</b> Tax credit; nonfamily adoptions. Creates a \$4,000 nonrefundable tax credit for taxable years 2023 through 2027 for an individual or married persons who, during the taxable year, finalize a legal nonfamily adoption as defined in the bill.	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Finance	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102254D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1581</a>	<a href="#">Richard C. "Rip" Sullivan, Jr.</a>	<b>Child custody, etc.; educational seminars approved by Office of Ex. Sec. of Supreme Court of Va.</b> Child custody, visitation, or support proceedings; educational seminars approved by Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia. Provides that when the parties to any petition where a child whose custody, visitation, or support is contested are required show proof that they have attended an educational seminar or other like program conducted by a qualified person or organization, such educational seminar or other like program shall be one that has been approved by the Office of the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia. Current law provides that such educational seminars or other like programs are approved by the court. This bill is a recommendation of the Judicial Council of Virginia and the Committee on District Courts.	PASSED Senate • Feb 16, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1581ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1720</a>	<a href="#">Nadarius E. Clark</a>	<b>Divorce; cruelty, reasonable apprehension of bodily hurt, or willful desertion or abandonment.</b> Divorce; cruelty, reasonable apprehension of bodily hurt, or willful desertion or abandonment; divorce from bed and board. Eliminates the one-year waiting period for being decreed a divorce on the grounds of cruelty, reasonable apprehension of bodily hurt, or willful desertion or abandonment by either party. The bill also repeals the provision allowing for a divorce from bed and board on	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101743D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		the grounds of cruelty, reasonable apprehension of bodily hurt, or willful desertion or abandonment. The provisions of the bill apply to suits for divorce filed on or after July 1, 2023.		
<a href="#">HB 1744</a>	<a href="#">Betsy B. Carr</a>	<p><b>Adoption and foster care; home study reciprocity, licensed child-placing agencies, effective date.</b></p> <p>Adoption and foster care; home study reciprocity. Provides that home studies conducted by a local board of social services or licensed child-placing agency for the purpose of placing a child in a foster home or with an adoptive family shall, on and after January 1, 2024, be transferable between all localities, local boards, and licensed child-placing agencies within the Commonwealth at the request of the prospective foster parent, subject to any time limitations or other requirements imposed by law or regulation. The bill requires all home studies to be conducted in accordance with the Mutual Family Assessment home study template and any addenda thereto developed by the Department of Social Services. The bill allows the Board to promulgate regulations that establish market rates for such home studies</p>	PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1744ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1768</a>	<a href="#">Christopher T. Head</a>	<p><b>Child-protective services; investigations, interview by child advocacy center, time limits.</b></p> <p>Child-protective services; investigations; interview by child advocacy center. Requires that if a local multidisciplinary team has determined that in an investigation of a report of child abuse or neglect an interview of the child by a child advocacy center is needed and an interview with a child advocacy center within the jurisdiction cannot be completed within 14 days, the local department of social services may facilitate the interview with a recognized child advocacy center located in another jurisdiction.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 22, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (95-Y 0-N 1-A)	<a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23106095D-H1</a>
<a href="#">HB 1786</a>	<a href="#">Wendy W. Gooditis</a>	<p><b>Child abuse or neglect; definition, independent activities.</b></p> <p>Child abuse or neglect; definition; independent activities. Clarifies that no child whose parent or other person responsible for his care allows the child to engage in reasonable independent activities without adult supervision shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child, provided that such independent activities are appropriate based on the child's age, maturity, and physical and mental abilities. The bill provides that such independent activities may include traveling to or from school or nearby locations by bicycle</p>	FAILED House • Jan 23, 2023: Stricken from docket by Courts of Justice (19-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102131D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>or on foot, playing outdoors, remaining at home for a reasonable period of time, or remaining in a vehicle if such vehicle is parked in a safe location and the temperature is not and will not become dangerously hot or cold.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 1961</a>	<a href="#">Michael P. Mullin</a>	<p><b>Family abuse protective orders; relief available, password to electronic device.</b>            Family abuse protective orders; relief available, password to electronic device; enjoining surveillance; penalty. Provides that as a condition to be imposed by the court on the respondent, a petitioner with a protective order issued in a case that alleges family abuse and, where appropriate, any other family or household member must be given the relevant password when being granted exclusive use and possession of a cellular telephone or other electronic device. The bill further provides that the court may enjoin the respondent from using a cellular telephone or other electronic device to surveil the petitioner.</p>	<p>PASSED Senate • Feb 22, 2023: Passed Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23100593D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1990</a>	<a href="#">Charniele L. Herring</a>	<p><b>Juvenile and domestic relations district courts; appointment of counsel or guardian ad litem.</b>            Juvenile and domestic relations district courts; appointment of counsel or guardian ad litem; appeals. The bill specifies that any attorney appointed to represent a child or parent, guardian, or other adult at a hearing in the juvenile and domestic relations district court may continue representation upon appeal to the circuit court unless relieved or replaced in the manner provided by law.</p>	<p>PASSED Senate • Feb 16, 2023: Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1990ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 1992</a>	<a href="#">Charniele L. Herring</a>	<p><b>Juvenile and domestic relations district courts; notice of appeal to the circuit court.</b>            Juvenile and domestic relations district courts; notice of appeal to the circuit court. Requires a copy of a notice of appeal from a final order or judgment of the juvenile court to be served by the appealing party upon the opposing party or each counsel of record.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1992ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2028</a>	<a href="#">Danica A. Roem</a>	<p><b>Guardianship; duties of guardian, visitation requirements.</b>            Guardianship; duties of guardian; visitation requirements. Requires a guardian to visit an incapacitated person at least three times per year and at least once every 120 days. The bill requires at least two of the visits be conducted by the guardian and directs that at least one of such visits be in-person. The bill allows the second visit by the guardian to be conducted</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (95-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23106970D-S1</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>by the guardian via virtual conference or video call. The bill allows the remaining visit to be conducted (i) by the guardian, (ii) by a person other than the guardian, including (a) a family member monitored by the guardian or (b) a skilled professional retained by the guardian to perform guardianship duties on behalf of the guardian and who is experienced in the care of individuals, including older adults or adults with disabilities; or (iii) via virtual conference or video call between either the guardian or such family member monitored by the guardian or skilled professional and the incapacitated person, provided that the technological means by which such conference or call can take place are readily available. The bill requires a person who visits the incapacitated person in lieu of the guardian to provide a written report to the guardian regarding any such visit.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2063</a>	<a href="#">Jackie H. Glass</a>	<p><b>Guardian ad litem; appointment, requested information, records, or reports.</b>  Appointment of guardian ad litem; requested information, records, or reports from individual or entity. Requires any individual or entity with information, records, or reports relevant to a guardianship or conservatorship proceeding, including any (i) health care provider, local school division, or local department of social services, (ii) criminal justice agency, unless such disclosure would impede an ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding, and (iii) financial institution, investment advisor, or other financial services provider, to provide, upon request from the appointed guardian ad litem, such information, records, or reports to the appointed guardian ad litem. The bill also requires certain financial institutions, in cooperation with an investigation of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of an adult, to make available any financial records or information relevant to such investigation upon request from any court-appointed guardian ad litem who has been appointed by the court to represent such adult. The bill immunizes such financial institutions from civil or criminal liability for providing such financial records or information, provided that such financial institutions did not engage in gross negligence or willful misconduct.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2063ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2290</a>	<a href="#">Emily M. Brewer</a>	<p><b>Judgment or child support order; pregnancy and delivery expenses.</b>  Judgment or order for pregnancy and delivery expenses. Provides that in the event that the initial petition for the establishment of parentage is commenced within six months of the live birth of a child, the judgment or order shall, except for good cause shown or as</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (51-Y 42-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23106782D-S1</a></p>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>otherwise agreed to by the parties, apportion between the legal parents, in proportion to the legal parents' gross incomes, as used for calculating the monthly child support obligation, (i) the mother's unreimbursed pregnancy and delivery expenses and (ii) those reasonable expenses incurred by either parent for the benefit of the child prior to the birth of the child. The bill is identical to SB 1314.</p>		
<a href="#">HB 2357</a>	<a href="#">Kathleen Murphy</a>	<p><b>Surrogacy; relinquishment of parental rights.</b>            Surrogacy; consent; relinquishment of parental rights. Provides that, at any time prior to the birth of a child, a surrogate may relinquish her parental rights to an intended parent, if at least one intended parent is the genetic parent of the child or the embryo was subject to the legal or contractual custody of such intended parent, by signing a surrogate consent and report form naming the intended parent as the parent of the child. Under current law, the surrogate may relinquish such parental rights to the intended parent upon expiration of three days following the birth of the child.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23103608D</a>
<a href="#">HB 2383</a>	<a href="#">Patrick A. Hope</a>	<p><b>Guardianship and conservatorship; identifying information and evaluation report.</b>            Guardianship and conservatorship; identifying information and evaluation report; separate confidential addendum. Requires that any petition, pleading, motion, order, or report filed pursuant to a guardianship or conservatorship proceeding not contain any financial information of a respondent to such a proceeding but such information shall be included in a separate confidential addendum. The bill provides that such confidential addendum shall be made available only to the parties, their attorneys, a guardian ad litem appointed to represent the respondent, the commissioner of accounts or assistant commissioner of accounts for the circuit court that has jurisdiction over the guardianship or conservatorship, and such other persons as the court in its discretion may allow for good cause shown. The bill provides that an evaluation report shall also be filed with the court in a separate confidential addendum.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2383ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 2437</a>	<a href="#">Danica A. Roem</a>	<p><b>Court-appointed guardians; training, powers &amp; duties, annual report to local dept. of social serv.</b>            Department for Aging and Rehabilitative Services; training; powers and duties of guardian; annual reports by guardians; information required. Directs the Department</p>	FAILED House • Feb 03, 2023: Tabled in Appropriations (11-Y 10-N)	<a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23105934D-H1</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		for Aging and Rehabilitative Services to develop and provide training for court-appointed guardians by July 1, 2024. The bill requires an appointed guardian and any staff employed by such guardian to perform guardianship duties to complete the initial training developed by the Department within four months of the date of the initial court order of appointment and guardians and such staff appointed prior to July 1, 2024, to complete such training by January 1, 2026. The bill further requires a guardian to include in his annual report to the local department of social services a statement as to whether such training has been completed.		
<a href="#">HJ 505</a>	<a href="#">Nicholas J. Freitas</a>	<b>Constitutional amendment; rights of parents (first reference).</b> Constitutional amendment (first reference); rights of parents. Provides that parents have the right to direct the upbringing, education, and care of their children and that the Commonwealth shall not infringe these rights without demonstrating that its governmental interest is of the highest order and not otherwise served.	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Privileges and Elections	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102681D</a>
<a href="#">SB 486</a>	<a href="#">Jennifer L. McClellan</a>	<b>Protective orders; workplace violence.</b> Workplace violence protective orders. Provides that an employer may petition the court for a preliminary protective order or a protective order to protect the health and safety of its employees. The bill provides that the venue for a workplace violence protective order is the jurisdiction where the workplace is located from which the petitioner seeks to have the respondent prohibited.	FAILED Continued to 2023 in Finance and Appropriations (16-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 22105636D-S1</a>
<a href="#">SB 799</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a>	<b>Evidence of medical reports, etc.; testimony of health care provider or custodian.</b> Evidence of medical reports, statements, or records; testimony of health care provider or custodian of records in juvenile and domestic relations district court; custody, visitation, placement, and support cases. Provides that in any civil case in a juvenile and domestic relations district court involving the custody, visitation, placement, or support of a child or spouse any party and any guardian ad litem may present evidence as to the extent, nature, and treatment of a party or child and the costs of such treatment and examination by (i) a report or statement from the treating or examining health care provider for his treatment of the party or child or (ii) the bills showing the costs of examination or treatment or records of a treating or examining health care provider for his treatment of a child or	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB799ER)</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>party under certain circumstances. The bill requires that such evidence be admitted if the party intending to present such evidence gives the opposing party written notice 30 days in advance of trial. The bill also requires that if any opposing party intends to file a pleading in response to such evidence, such party must do so at least 15 days in advance of trial. This bill is identical to HB 1541.</p>		
<a href="#">SB 873</a>	<a href="#">Ryan T. McDougle</a>	<p><b>Family abuse protective orders; filing a petition on behalf of minors.</b>  Family abuse protective orders filed on behalf of minors. Provides that for purposes of filing a petition for preliminary protective order in a family abuse situation, the attorney for the Commonwealth or a law-enforcement officer may file a petition on behalf of a minor as his next friend if an emergency protective order was previously issued for the protection of such minor and such petition is filed before the emergency protective order expires or within 24 hours of the expiration of such emergency protective order.</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 23, 2023: House amendment agreed to by Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23101853D-E</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1144</a>	<a href="#">Jeremy S. McPike</a>	<p><b>Guardian ad litem; appointment, requested information, records, or reports.</b>  Appointment of guardian ad litem; requested information, records, or reports from individual or entity. Requires any individual or entity with information, records, or reports relevant to a guardianship or conservatorship proceeding, including any (i) health care provider, local school division, or local department of social services, (ii) criminal justice agency, unless such disclosure would impede an ongoing criminal investigation or proceeding, and (iii) financial institution, investment advisor, or other financial services provider, to provide, upon request from the appointed guardian ad litem, such information, records, or reports to the appointed guardian ad litem. The bill also requires certain financial institutions, in <b>cooperation with an investigation of alleged abuse, neglect, or exploitation of an adult</b>, to make available any financial records or information relevant to such investigation upon request from any court-appointed guardian ad litem who has been appointed by the court to represent such adult. The bill immunizes such financial institutions from civil or criminal liability for providing such financial records or information, provided that such financial institutions did not engage in gross negligence or willful misconduct</p>	<p>PASSED  House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Floor substitute printed 23106336D-S1 (McPike)</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">SB 1214</a>	<a href="#">L. Louise Lucas</a>	<p><b>Child abuse and neglect; custody and visitation, possession or consumption of substances.</b>  Child abuse and neglect; custody and visitation; possession or use of marijuana. Provides that a child shall not be considered an abused or neglected child, and no person shall be denied custody or visitation of a child, based solely on the fact that the child's parent or other person responsible for his care, or the person petitioning for custody or visitation of the child, possessed or consumed marijuana in accordance with applicable law. The bill directs the Board of Social Services to amend its regulations, guidance documents, and other instructional materials to ensure that such regulations, documents, and materials comply with, and that investigations and family assessments are conducted by local departments of social services in accordance with, the provisions of the bill.</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105807D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1314</a>	<a href="#">Siobhan S. Dunnavant</a>	<p><b>Judgment or child support order; pregnancy and delivery expenses.</b>  Judgment or order for pregnancy and delivery expenses. Provides that in the event that the initial petition for the establishment of parentage is commenced within six months of the live birth of a child, the judgment or order shall, except for good cause shown or as otherwise agreed to by the parties, apportion between the legal parents, in proportion to the legal parents' gross incomes, as used for calculating the monthly child support obligation, (i) the mother's unreimbursed pregnancy and delivery expenses and (ii) those reasonable expenses incurred by either parent for the benefit of the child prior to the birth of the child. This bill is identical to HB 2290.</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 23, 2023: House amendments agreed to by Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23106213D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1367</a>	<a href="#">Jill Holtzman Vogel</a>	<p><b>Child abuse or neglect; definition, independent activities.</b>  Child abuse or neglect; definition; independent activities. Clarifies that no child whose parent or other person responsible for his care allows the child to engage in independent activities without adult supervision shall for that reason alone be considered to be an abused or neglected child, provided that (a) such independent activities are appropriate based on the child's age, maturity, and physical and mental abilities and (b) such lack of supervision does not constitute conduct that is so grossly negligent as to endanger the health or safety of the child. The bill provides that such independent activities may include traveling to or from school or nearby locations by bicycle or on foot, playing outdoors, or</p>	<p>FAILED  Senate • Feb 23, 2023: House amendments agreed to by Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Floor substitute printed 23106180D-S2 (Vogel)</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		remaining at home for a reasonable period of time.		
<a href="#">SB 1472</a>	<a href="#">William M. Stanley, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Child protective orders; violation, penalty.</b> Violations of child protective orders; penalty. Provides that a violation of a permanent child protective order is punishable as a Class 1 misdemeanor.</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Feb 06, 2023; Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (8-Y 6-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Presented and ordered printed 23104323D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1080</a>	<a href="#">John S. Edwards</a>	<p><b>Juvenile and domestic relations district courts; adjudication of delinquency.</b> Juvenile and domestic relations district courts; Department of Juvenile Justice; adjudication of delinquency. Raises the maximum age for delinquency matters in juvenile and domestic relations district courts from persons under 18 years of age to persons under 21 years of age. The bill defines "underage person" as an individual who is 18 years of age or older but younger than 21 years of age. The bill adds underage persons to all provisions regarding delinquency proceedings in juvenile and domestic relations district courts, the transfer of delinquency matters to circuit courts, and criminal procedure as currently applies to juveniles only. The bill differentiates between juveniles and underage persons in specific circumstances, including consent for medical or mental health records or procedures, mental health screenings in secure detention facilities, and provisions regarding release on bail or recognizance. The bill also specifies that a delinquent child is a child 11 years of age or older who has committed a delinquent act. Currently, there is no minimum age for a child to be adjudicated delinquent. The bill provides that if a juvenile younger than 11 years of age is found to have committed a delinquent act, the juvenile shall not be proceeded upon as delinquent; however, the court may make any orders of disposition authorized for a child in need of services or a child in need of supervision. The bill has a delayed effective date of January 1, 2025.</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Feb 02, 2023; Passed by indefinitely in Finance and Appropriations (11-Y 5-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101977D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1288</a>	<a href="#">Bill DeSteph</a>	<p><b>Wrongful death; death of parent or guardian of child resulting from driving under the influence.</b> Wrongful death; death of parent or guardian of child resulting from driving under the influence; child support. Provides that in any action for death by wrongful act where the defendant, as a result of driving a motor vehicle or operating a watercraft under the influence, unintentionally caused the death of another</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Jan 18, 2023; Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (14-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103230D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		person who was the parent or legal guardian of a child, the person who has custody of such child may petition the court to order that the defendant pay child support.		

# Immunity

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1689</a>	<a href="#">Karen S. Greenhalgh</a>	<p><b>Patient visitation; visitation from clergy members during declared public health emergency.</b>            Patient visitation; visitation from clergy members. Requires hospitals, nursing homes, and certified nursing facilities to allow patients to receive visits from clergy members during a declared public health emergency related to a communicable disease of public health threat, unless the hospital, nursing home, or certified nursing facility demonstrates that it is unable to reasonably accommodate the visits without undue hardship on the facility. Under the bill, the hospital, nursing home, or certified nursing facility may restrict visits of a clergy member who fails a health screening measure or tests positive for a communicable disease of public health threat. If the hospital, nursing home, or certified nursing facility establishes a protocol restricting the total number of individuals permitted to visit a patient, clergy members shall not be counted toward that total number. The bill provides immunity for hospitals, nursing homes, and certified nursing facilities and their employees and contractors from liability for injury or death due to exposure to a communicable disease of public health threat resulting from or related to such visitation, except in limited circumstances.</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 16, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Education and Health (9-Y 6-N)	<a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23105528D-H1</a>
<a href="#">HB 1958</a>	<a href="#">James A. "Jay" Leftwich</a>	<p><b>Campgrounds; definitions, inherent risks, liability, notice required.</b>            Campgrounds; inherent risks; liability. The bill provides that a person who goes camping at a campground shall be presumed to have known the inherent risks of camping, as defined in the bill. The bill provides that a campground professional, as defined in the bill, shall not be liable for the injury to or death of a camping participant resulting from the inherent risks of camping. The bill further provides that no camping participant or camping participant's representative is authorized to maintain an action against or recover from a camping professional for injury to, loss or damage by, or death of the camping participant resulting exclusively from any of the inherent risks of camping, provided that in any action for damages against a camping professional for camping activity, the camping professional pleads the affirmative defense of assumption of the risk. The bill excludes from such immunity acts taken by a camping professional to intentionally cause personal injury or death or property damage, acts made with a willful or wanton disregard for the safety</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 13, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)	<a href="#">House: Committee substitute printed 23105239D-H1</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>of the camping participant, and instances wherein the camping professional has actual knowledge or reasonably should have known of a dangerous condition on the land or in the facilities or equipment used in the activity and does not make the danger known to the camping participant.</p>		
<p><a href="#"><u>SB 925</u></a></p>	<p><a href="#"><u>John A. Cosgrove, Jr.</u></a></p>	<p><b>Patient visitation; visitation from clergy members during declared public health emergency.</b>  Patient visitation; visitation from clergy members. Requires hospitals, nursing homes, and certified nursing facilities to allow patients to receive visits from clergy members during a declared public health emergency related to a communicable disease of public health threat. Under the bill, the hospital, nursing home, or certified nursing facility may require the clergy member to comply with all reasonable health and safety requirements and may restrict visits of a clergy member who fails a health screening measure or tests positive for a communicable disease of public health concern. If the health and safety requirement substantially burdens the clergy member's free exercise of religion, the hospital, nursing home, or certified nursing facility may require compliance only if the requirement furthers a compelling health and safety interest and imposes the least restrictive requirement. The bill provides immunity for hospitals, nursing homes, and certified nursing facilities and their employees and contractors from liability for injury or death due to exposure to a communicable disease of public health concern resulting from or related to such visitation, except in limited circumstances. The bill also allows a person or religious organization to bring a civil action against a hospital, nursing home, or certified nursing facility alleging a violation of such visitation provisions.</p>	<p>FAILED Senate • Jan 19, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Education and Health (13-Y 2-N)</p>	<p><a href="#"><u>Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101768D</u></a></p>



## Insurance

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1495</a>	<a href="#">Terry L. Austin</a>	<p><b>Transportation network companies; uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage.</b></p> <p>Transportation network companies; uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage. Requires TNC insurance to maintain the same minimum uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage as is currently required by law for all motor vehicle insurance policies of \$30,000 for bodily injury per person, \$60,000 for bodily injury per accident, and \$20,000 for property damage, whether or not there is a passenger in the vehicle. The bill also prohibits TNC insurance underinsured motorist coverage from being set off by another policy from incidents arising when there is a passenger in the vehicle. Current law requires uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage for TNCs at \$1 million when a passenger is in the vehicle. The bill repeals expired provisions related to TNC insurance coverage. This bill is identical to SB 1216.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1495ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 951</a>	<a href="#">Frank M. Ruff, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Uninsured motorist fee; removes, effective date.</b></p> <p>Uninsured motorist fee; repeal. Repeals the option to register an uninsured motor vehicle upon payment of the uninsured motor vehicle fee of \$500. The repeal has an effective date of July 1, 2024. The bill authorizes the Commissioner of the Department of Motor Vehicles to continue registering uninsured vehicles from July 1, 2023, to July 1, 2024, but provides that all such registrations shall expire prior to July 1, 2024.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 16, 2023: Signed by Speaker	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB951ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1216</a>	<a href="#">L. Louise Lucas</a>	<p><b>Transportation network companies; uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage.</b></p> <p>Transportation network companies; uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage. Requires TNC insurance to maintain the same minimum uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage as is currently required by law for all motor vehicle insurance policies of \$30,000 for bodily injury per person, \$60,000 for bodily injury per accident, and \$20,000 for property damage, whether or not there is a passenger in the vehicle. The bill also prohibits TNC insurance underinsured motorist coverage from being set off by another policy from incidents arising when there is a passenger in the vehicle. Current law requires uninsured and underinsured motorist coverage for TNCs at \$1 million when a passenger is in the vehicle.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1216ER)</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		The bill repeals expired provisions related to TNC insurance coverage. This bill is identical to HB 1495.		
<a href="#">SB 1238</a>	<a href="#">Mark D. Obenshain</a>	<b>Motor carriers; financial responsibility.</b> Motor carriers; financial responsibility. Requires motor carriers when operating a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 7,500 pounds or less in intrastate commerce when available to transport property for compensation but not actively transporting such property to be covered by the same financial responsibility requirements as all other motorists. Current law sets such minimum liability requirements at \$25,000 per person, \$50,000 per incident for death and bodily injury, and \$20,000 for property damage.	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1238ER)</a>

## Judicial Administration

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1157</a>	<a href="#">Marcus B. Simon</a>	<b>Attorneys for the Commonwealth; compensation and collection of fees.</b> Attorneys for the Commonwealth; compensation and collection of fees. Prohibits the Compensation Board, when determining staffing and funding levels for offices of attorneys for the Commonwealth, from (i) considering the number of charges brought or the number of convictions obtained by such attorney for the Commonwealth; (ii) relying on standards devised or recommended by the attorney for the Commonwealth, law-enforcement agencies, or professional associations representing attorneys for the Commonwealth or law-enforcement officers; or (iii) using measures that increase if an attorney for the Commonwealth (a) elects to prosecute a more serious charge, (b) elects to prosecute additional charges from a single arrest or criminal incident, (c) obtains convictions rather than dismissing charges or offering reduced charges, or (d) proceeds with prosecution rather than diversion	FAILED • Feb 07, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Courts of Justice by voice vote	House: <a href="#">Presented and ordered printed 22102077D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1412</a>	<a href="#">Daniel W. Marshall, III</a>	<b>Judges; maximum number in each judicial district.</b> Maximum number of judges in each judicial district. Increases from two to three the maximum number of authorized general district court judges in the Twenty-second Judicial District. This bill is a recommendation of the Committee on District Courts. This bill is identical to SB 816.	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President	House: <a href="#">Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1412ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1429</a>	<a href="#">Timothy V. Anderson</a>	<b>Public defender; supplementing compensation.</b> Supplementing compensation of public defender. Requires the governing body of any county or city that elects to supplement the compensation of the attorney for the Commonwealth, or any of his deputies or employees, above the salary set by the Compensation Board to proportionally supplement the compensation of the public defender, or any of his deputies or employees, commensurate with the compensation of the attorney for the Commonwealth, or any of his deputies or employees, and to pay for such additional compensation from the funds of the county or city.	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	House: <a href="#">Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23101071D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1432</a>	<a href="#">Phillip A. Scott</a>	<b>Trespass; service of process.</b> Trespass; service of process. Provides immunity from criminal trespass for any	FAILED	House: <a href="#">Prefiled and ordered printed: offered</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>person who goes on or remains on the property of another after having been forbidden to do so by a sign or signs posted by or at the direction of a person lawfully in charge of such property, provided that the person going on or remaining on the property is authorized to serve process and is engaged in the lawful service of process.</p>	<p>House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p><a href="#">01/11/23 23100179D</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 2012</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Les R. Adams</a></p>	<p><b>Retired Supreme Court justices and Court of Appeals judges; recall in circuit courts.</b>  Retired Supreme Court justices and Court of Appeals judges; recall; circuit courts. Provides that retired justices of the Supreme Court of Virginia and judges of the Court of Appeals of Virginia may be designated by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Virginia to sit in recall in circuit courts when such retired justice or judge has been found qualified within the preceding three years by the House Committee for Courts of Justice and the Senate Committee on the Judiciary.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2012ER)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 2024</a></p>	<p><a href="#">James A. "Jay" Leftwich</a></p>	<p><b>Retired judges and magistrates; personal information of; penalty, penalty.</b>  Personal information of judges and magistrates; penalty. Prohibits the Commonwealth from publishing on the Internet the personal information of any active or retired federal or Virginia justice, judge, or magistrate who has made a demand in writing to that Commonwealth that the Commonwealth not publish such information; such demand shall be effective until rescinded by such judge, justice, or magistrate. The bill adds active or retired federal or Virginia justices, judges, and magistrates to the list of people for which an enhanced punishment applies for the crime of using such person's identity with the intent to coerce, intimidate, or harass. The bill also adds active and retired magistrates to the list of people who may furnish, in addition to his residence street address, a post office box address located within the Commonwealth to be included in lieu of his street address on the lists of registered voters. The bill removes state and federal judges and justices from the definition of "public official." As introduced, this bill was a recommendation of the Judicial Council of Virginia. This bill is identical to SB 1310.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2024ER)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 2168</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Wren M. Williams</a></p>	<p><b>Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission; breach of Canons of Judicial Conduct.</b></p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission; annual report; breach of Canons of Judicial Conduct; disciplinary action. Requires the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission to include in its annual report (i) the name of any judge who the Commission concluded breached the Canons of Judicial Conduct and took disciplinary action against as a result of such conclusion, if the date on which the Commission reached such conclusion was after the previous annual report was published; (ii) the specific Canons of Judicial Conduct breached by such judge; and (iii) the disciplinary action taken against such judge by the Commission. The bill provides that the provisions of this act shall apply only to disciplinary actions taken on or after July 1, 2023.</p>		<p><a href="#">Senate (HB2168ER)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 2252</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Wren M. Williams</a></p>	<p><b>Magistrates; appointment and supervision.</b> Magistrates; appointment and supervision. Gives supervisory control over the magistrate system to the chief circuit court judge and the Committee on District Courts and abolishes magisterial regions. Under current law, the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia exercises such authority with a provision for consultation with the chief judges of the circuit courts in the region where the appointment is made.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Appropriations</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102323D</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 2289</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Wren M. Williams</a></p>	<p><b>Elected and certain appointed; procedure for removal by courts.</b> Procedure for removal of elected and certain appointed officers by courts. Sets out the procedure by which, and clarifies the reasons for which, an elected officer or officer who has been appointed to fill an elective office may be removed from office. The bill requires, among other things, that the general registrar review the petition and determine its sufficiency in accordance with the uniform standards approved by the State Board of Elections and that the attorney for the Commonwealth review the petition to determine if valid grounds exist to remove the officer. If the attorney for the Commonwealth is the elected official who is subject to the removal petition, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Virginia is tasked with appointing an alternate attorney for the Commonwealth. This bill is a recommendation of the Boyd-Graves Conference.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2289ER)</a></p>
<p><a href="#">HB 2317</a></p>		<p><b>Jury duty; increases allowance from \$30 to \$50 per day.</b> Jury duty; allowance increase. Increases the jury duty allowance from \$30 to \$50 per day.</p>	<p>PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: VOTE:</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Printed as engrossed 23103979D-E</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
	<a href="#">Angelia Williams Graves</a>		Adoption (92-Y 0-N)	
<a href="#">HJ 530</a>	<a href="#">Wren M. Williams</a>	<p><b>Magisterial system; Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission to study.</b>  Study; JLARC; magistrates; report. Directs the Joint Legislative Audit and Review Commission (JLARC) to, by November 30, 2024, study the magisterial system in the Commonwealth in order to analyze its effectiveness, compare the organization and use of magistrates in the Commonwealth to that of other states with both similar and dissimilar magisterial systems, and those without magisterial systems, and provide suggestions for improving the magisterial system in the Commonwealth. In conducting its study, JLARC is directed to (i) define the term "magistrate" as it is used in the Commonwealth and by other states that use the same or a similar term; (ii) determine which states use magistrates in a role or function comparable to the Commonwealth and compare the role or functions and workloads of such magistrates to magistrates in the Commonwealth; (iii) determine the methods of selection, methods of oversight, and the term lengths, if any, of magistrates in other states that use magistrates in a role or function comparable to the Commonwealth; (iv) determine which states do not have magistrates and identify in such states who performs the functions of that of a magistrate; (v) determine in which states the role or functions performed by magistrates differ significantly from the role or functions performed by magistrates in the Commonwealth and analyze (a) the difference in the role or functions performed by such magistrates in other states as well as the difference in education and ...</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Rules	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101064D</a>
<a href="#">HJ 558</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<p><b>Judges; election of a justice and various judges.</b>  Election of a Supreme Court of Virginia Justice, Court of Appeals of Virginia Judges, Circuit Court Judges, General District Court Judges, Juvenile and Domestic Relations District Court Judges, and members of the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission.</p>	House • Jan 23, 2023: VOTE: Waive Reading of Report (99-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented, ordered printed 23104705D</a>
<a href="#">HR 248</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<p><b>Judge; nomination for election to Supreme Court of Virginia.</b>  Nominating a person to be elected to the Supreme Court of Virginia.</p>	House • Jan 23, 2023: VOTE: Election (99-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented, ordered printed 23104345D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HR 249</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<b>Judges; nominations for election to Court of Appeals of Virginia.</b> Nominating persons to be elected to the Court of Appeals of Virginia.	House • Jan 23, 2023: VOTE: Election (99-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented, ordered printed 23104426D</a>
<a href="#">HR 250</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<b>Judges; nominations for election to circuit court.</b> Nominating persons to be elected to circuit court judgeships.	House • Jan 23, 2023: VOTE: Election (99-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented, ordered printed 23104460D</a>
<a href="#">HR 251</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<b>Judges; nominations for election to general district court.</b> Nominating persons to be elected to general district court judgeships.	House • Jan 23, 2023: VOTE: Election (99-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented, ordered printed 23104462D</a>
<a href="#">HR 252</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<b>Judges; nominations for election to juvenile and domestic relations district court.</b> Nominating persons to be elected to juvenile and domestic relations district court judgeships.	House • Jan 23, 2023: VOTE: Election (99-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented, ordered printed 23104463D</a>
<a href="#">HR 253</a>	<a href="#">Les R. Adams</a>	<b>Judges; nominations for election to Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission.</b> Nominating persons to be elected as members of the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission.	House • Jan 23, 2023: VOTE: Election (99-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Presented, ordered printed 23104468D</a>
<a href="#">SB 816</a>	<a href="#">William M. Stanley, Jr.</a>	<b>Judges; maximum number in each judicial district.</b> Maximum number of judges in each judicial district. Increases from two to three the maximum number of authorized general district court judges in the Twenty-second Judicial District. This bill is a recommendation of the Committee on District Courts. This bill is identical to HB 1412.	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB816ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 843</a>	<a href="#">J. Chapman Petersen</a>	<b>Retired circuit court and district court judges; recall, evaluation, etc.</b> Retired circuit court and district court judges; recall; qualification by Senate Committee on the Judiciary and House Committee for Courts of Justice. Provides that no retired judge shall be authorized or eligible for temporary recall if such judge, prior to submitting a notice of retirement, sought reelection to a subsequent term but was not reelected by a majority of the members elected to each house of the General Assembly.	FAILED House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105559D-S1</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">SB 940</a>	<a href="#">John S. Edwards</a>	<p><b>Court-appointed counsel; increases statutory caps for fees paid in indigent cases.</b>            Compensation of court-appointed counsel. Increases the statutory caps for fees paid to court-appointed counsel in indigent cases. The provisions of the bill are contingent on funding in a general appropriation act.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 20, 2023: Tabled in Appropriations (11-Y 10-N)</p>	<p>Senate: Printed as engrossed <a href="#">23101370D-E</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 971</a>	<a href="#">Mark J. Peake</a>	<p><b>Magistrates; law-enforcement observation, annual requirement.</b>            Magistrates; law-enforcement observation; annual requirement. Requires each magistrate appointed by the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia to ride along with an on-duty law-enforcement officer in the magisterial region that such magistrate represents for a minimum of six hours annually. The bill mandates that, by July 1, 2024, every magistrate shall have completed the first of such required ride-alongs, and each year thereafter by December 31.</p>	<p>FAILED            Senate • Jan 18, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary with letter (12-Y 0-N)</p>	<p>Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 <a href="#">23101477D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1031</a>	<a href="#">Thomas K. Norment, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission; exception to confidentiality.</b>            Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission; exception to confidentiality; complainant notification of final decision or action. Requires the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission to provide notice to a complainant of any final decision made or action taken in regards to his filed complaint within 30 days of such decision or action.</p>	<p>PASSED            House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)</p>	<p>Senate: Printed as engrossed <a href="#">23100883D-E</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1067</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a>	<p><b>Substantial risk orders; substantial risk factors and considerations.</b>            Substantial risk orders; substantial risk factors and considerations. Provides various factors that a judge or magistrate shall consider for the purpose of determining probable cause prior to issuing an emergency substantial risk order or a substantial risk order.</p>	<p>FAILED            House • Feb 22, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice</p>	<p>Senate: Floor substitute printed <a href="#">23105335D-S1</a> (Stuart)</p>
<a href="#">SB 1093</a>	<a href="#">Adam P. Ebbin</a>	<p><b>Notaries; course and examination, journal and electronic record of notarial acts.</b>            Notaries; course and examination; journal and electronic record of notarial acts. Requires every applicant for a notary or electronic notary commission to take, within 90 days preceding the application, a course of instruction and to complete a written examination of such course. The bill specifies that the content of the course and the basis for the written examination shall include notarial laws, procedures, and ethics. The bill also</p>	<p>FAILED            Senate • Jan 30, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (9-Y 6-N)</p>	<p>Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 <a href="#">23103525D</a></p>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		requires any notary to keep a journal of notarial acts and any electronic notary to keep an electronic record of notarial acts and for such notary or electronic notary to keep, maintain, protect, and provide for lawful inspection of such journal or electronic record.		
<a href="#">SB 1256</a>	<a href="#">L. Louise Lucas</a>	<b>Magistrates; appointment and supervision.</b> Magistrates; appointment and supervision. Gives supervisory control over the magistrate system to the chief circuit court judge and the Committee on District Courts and abolishes magisterial regions. Under current law, the Executive Secretary of the Supreme Court of Virginia exercises such authority with a provision for consultation with the chief judges of the circuit courts in the region where the appointment is made.	FAILED Senate • Feb 01, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary with letter (10-Y 3-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103049D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1304</a>	<a href="#">R. Creigh Deeds</a>	<b>Court-appointed counsel; requests for additional compensation, determination by judge.</b> Court-appointed counsel; requests for additional compensation; determination by judge. Requires the presiding judge or chief judge of a circuit or district court, when reviewing a request from court-appointed counsel for additional compensation exceeding existing statutory limits, to provide, in writing, the reason for a determination that such request for additional compensation is not justified.	PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23103999D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1306</a>	<a href="#">R. Creigh Deeds</a>	<b>Twenty-fifth judicial circuit; designation of courtrooms.</b> Twenty-fifth judicial circuit; designation of courtrooms. Provides that, where appropriate, the courthouse of the Circuit Court of Rockbridge County may be used for the trial of civil and criminal cases when venue is laid in the City of Buena Vista or the courthouse of the Circuit Court of the City of Buena Vista may be used for the trial of civil or criminal cases when venue is laid in Rockbridge County.	PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100568D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1310</a>	<a href="#">R. Creigh Deeds</a>	<b>Retired judges and magistrates; personal information of; penalty, penalty.</b> Personal information of judges and magistrates; penalty. Prohibits the Commonwealth from publishing on the Internet the personal information of any active or retired federal or Virginia justice, judge, or magistrate who has made a demand that such information not be published in writing to the Commonwealth. The bill adds active or retired	PASSED Senate • Feb 25, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1310ER)</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>federal or Virginia justices, judges, and magistrates to the list of people for which an enhanced punishment applies for the crime of using such person's identity with the intent to coerce, intimidate, or harass. The bill also adds active and retired magistrates to the list of people who may furnish, in addition to his residence street address, a post office box address located within the Commonwealth to be included in lieu of his street address on the lists of registered voters. As introduced, the bill was a recommendation of the Judicial Council of Virginia. This bill is identical to HB 2024.</p>		
<p><a href="#">SB 1369</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Jill Holtzman Vogel</a></p>	<p><b>Judicial Retirement System; increased retirement allowance for judges, assistant attorneys.</b>            Virginia Retirement System; Judicial Retirement System; increased retirement allowance for judges, assistant attorneys for the Commonwealth, and public defenders. Increases, for the purposes of determining benefits provided under the hybrid retirement program, the retirement multiplier from one percent to 1.7 percent for assistant attorneys for the Commonwealth and public defenders appointed on or after July 1, 2023, who are participants in the hybrid retirement program. The bill also increases, for the purposes of determining benefits provided under the Judicial Retirement System, the retirement multiplier from one percent to 1.7 percent for judges appointed on or after July 1, 2023, who are participants in the hybrid retirement program and who are at least 55 years of age at the time of appointment.</p>	<p>FAILED            Feb 08, 2023:            Left in Finance and Appropriations</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23105382D-S1</a></p>
<p><a href="#">SB 1431</a></p>	<p><a href="#">Scott A. Surovell</a></p>	<p><b>Elected and certain appointed; procedure for removal by courts.</b>            Procedure for removal of elected and certain appointed officers by courts. Sets out the procedure by which, and clarifies the reasons for which, an elected officer or officer who has been appointed to fill an elective office may be removed from office. The bill requires, among other things, that (i) the general registrar review the petition and determine its sufficiency in accordance with the uniform standards approved by the State Board of Elections; (ii) the general registrar certify the petition within 10 business days and promptly file such certification with the clerk of the circuit court; and (iii) the certification state the number of signatures required, the number of signatures on the petition, and the number of valid signatures, along with any signatures found to be invalid and any material omissions from the petition. The bill also provides that the Commonwealth and the elected officer shall be the only two parties to a removal</p>	<p>PASSED            House • Feb 22, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage #2 (99-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23100264D-E</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		proceeding. This bill is a recommendation of the Boyd-Graves Conference.		
<a href="#">SB 1449</a>	<a href="#">Mark D. Obenshain</a>	<p><b>Judicial Retirement System; creditable service and contributions, extended absence.</b>            Judicial Retirement System; creditable service and contributions; extended absence; emergency. Provides that the entire amount of time a judge is on an extended absence for more than three months that is not due to a medical emergency, disability, active duty military leave, or family emergency shall be subtracted from his years of creditable service toward retirement benefits and that no employer contributions shall be made at any time during such extended absence period. The bill contains an emergency clause.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 25, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1449ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1486</a>	<a href="#">Joseph D. Morrissey</a>	<p><b>District courts; per diem compensation for substitute judges.</b>            Retired judges temporarily recalled to service; per diem compensation. Raises from \$200 to \$400 the per diem compensation for any justice, judge, member of the State Corporation Commission, or member of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission who is retired and who is temporarily recalled to service.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 23, 2023: VOTE: Block Vote Passage (96-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23105846D-ES1</a>
<a href="#">SB 1517</a>	<a href="#">Mark D. Obenshain</a>	<p><b>Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission; removes confidentiality of papers and proceedings.</b>            Courts of record; Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission; confidentiality of papers and proceedings; waiver. Removes the confidentiality of the findings of the Judicial Inquiry and Review Commission (the Commission) if, upon the conclusion of the Commission's proceedings, the Commission finds that suspension of the subject judge is the most appropriate action or if the subject judge appeals the final determination of the Commission to the Supreme Court. The bill clarifies that any identifying information of any persons other than such subject judge shall be redacted prior to making such information available for public inspection.</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 01, 2023: Failed to report (defeated) in Judiciary (6-Y 9-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Presented and ordered printed 23102143D</a>
<a href="#">SR 1</a>	<a href="#">John S. Edwards</a>	<p><b>Public defender offices; feasibility, expense, and implementation of statewide coverage, report.</b>            Feasibility, expense, and implementation of statewide coverage of public defender offices; study. Directs the Virginia Indigent Defense Commission (the Commission) to establish a work group to study the feasibility, cost, and implementation of statewide coverage of</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 07, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Judiciary (15-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/12/22 22100390D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>public defender offices. The bill directs the Commission to report its findings and recommendations to the chairmen of the Virginia State Crime Commission, the House Committee for Courts of Justice, the Senate Committee on the Judiciary, the House Committee on Appropriations, and the Senate Committee on Finance and Appropriations by November 1, 2022.</p>		

## Long Term Care

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1446</a>	<a href="#">Robert D. Orrock, Sr.</a>	<p><b>Certified nursing facilities; minimum staffing standards, administrative sanctions.</b></p> <p>Minimum staffing standards for certified nursing facilities; administrative sanctions. Sets nursing staffing requirements for certified nursing facilities, imposes administrative sanctions on a certified nursing facility if it does not comply with the staffing requirements, provides for exemptions to the administrative sanctions under certain circumstances, and directs the promulgation of regulations consistent with the bill. The bill has a delayed effective date of July 1, 2025. This bill is identical to SB 1339. and Senate (HB1446ER): 32.1-27.1, 32.1-127</p>	PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1446ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1564</a>	<a href="#">Vivian E. Watts</a>	<p><b>Nursing homes; standards of care, administrative sanctions.</b></p> <p>Nursing home standards of care; administrative sanctions; Long-Term Care Services Fund established. Requires regulations establishing the staffing and care standards in nursing homes to require a minimum number of hours of direct care services to each resident per 24-hour period, which minimum increases in specified phases from 3.5 hours to 4.1 hours. The bill gives the Commissioner of Health the power to impose administrative sanctions on nursing homes and directs the Board of Health to promulgate regulations related to the criteria and procedures for the imposition of administrative sanctions or initiation of court proceedings for violations of the bill. The bill establishes the Long-Term Care Services Fund for the purpose of making grants to assist in the provision of activities that protect or improve the quality of care or quality of life for residents, patients, and consumers of long-term care services.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Health, Welfare and Institutions	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101871D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1221</a>	<a href="#">Mark D. Obenshain</a>	<p><b>Assisted living facilities; minimum liability insurance.</b></p> <p>Assisted living facilities; minimum liability insurance. Requires the Board of Social Services to adopt regulations requiring each assisted living facility to maintain a minimum amount of liability insurance, as determined by the Board, and provide notice of such insurance, upon request, to any resident or prospective resident. Under current law, assisted living facilities must provide a statement disclosing whether the facility maintains liability insurance but can only state</p>	PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (94-Y 1-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23102141D-E</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		that it does if it meets a minimum amount of coverage established by the Board. The bill provides that no assisted living facility shall be immune from civil liability on the grounds that it is a charitable institution for damages equal to or less than the greater of (i) the limits of the liability insurance coverage maintained by the assisted living facility or (ii) the minimum amount of liability insurance coverage that the assisted living facility is required to maintain by regulation.		
<a href="#">SB 1339</a>	<a href="#">George L. Barker</a>	<p><b>Certified nursing facilities; minimum staffing standards, administrative sanctions.</b>  Minimum staffing standards for certified nursing facilities; administrative sanctions. Sets nursing staffing requirements for certified nursing facilities, imposes administrative sanctions on a certified nursing facility if it does not comply with the staffing requirements, provides for exemptions to the administrative sanctions under certain circumstances, and directs the promulgation of regulations consistent with the bill. The bill has a delayed effective date of July 1, 2025. This bill is identical to HB 1446.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 23, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1339ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1407</a>	<a href="#">Jill Holtzman Vogel</a>	<p><b>Assisted living facility; regulations for facilities with fewer than 25 residents.</b>  Department of Social Services; assisted living facility regulations; facilities with fewer than 25 residents. Requires the Department of Social Services to amend regulations affecting assisted living facilities with fewer than 25 residents to meet adjusted requirements for staff training and for the minimum age for staff employment.</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 03, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Rules (15-Y 1-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101137D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1452</a>	<a href="#">Stephen D. Newman</a>	<p><b>Nursing home facility in Amherst County; certificate of public need exemption.</b>  Certificate of public need exemption; nursing home facility in Amherst County. Directs the State Health Commissioner to accept and review applications and issue a certificate of public need for a new 90-bed nursing home facility, given the unique and extenuating circumstances of this potential facility, provided that such facility is located on the property of the former Central Virginia Training Center in Amherst County and is owned by the Commonwealth as of July 1, 2023.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1452ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1457</a>	<a href="#">Lynwood W. Lewis, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Long-term services and supports screening; screening after admission.</b>  Long-term services and supports screening; screening after admission; coverage of</p>	PASSED enate • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>institutional long-term services and supports. Provides that if an individual is admitted to a skilled nursing facility for skilled nursing services and such individual was not screened but is subsequently determined have been required to be screened prior to admission to the nursing home, then the screening may be conducted after admission. Under the bill, coverage of institutional long-term services and supports by the Commonwealth for such non-prescreened patients shall not begin until six months after the initial admission to the skilled nursing facility. During this six-month period, the nursing home in which the individual resides shall be responsible for all costs indicated for institutional long-term services and supports, without accessing patient funds. The bill provides that if sufficient evidence indicates that the admission without screening was of no fault of the skilled nursing facility, the Department of Medical Assistance Services shall begin coverage of institutional long-term services and supports immediately upon the completion of the functional screening indicating skilled nursing facility level of care pending the financial eligibility determination. This bill is identical to HB 1681.</p>		<a href="#">House (SB1457ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1458</a>	<a href="#">Adam P. Ebbin</a>	<p><b>Assisted living facilities; Sec. of Labor, et al., to study regulating staffing agencies.</b>  Secretary of Labor; Department of Health Professions; work group to study regulation of temporary staffing agencies; temporary health care staff; report. Directs the Secretary of Labor, in collaboration with the Department of Health Professions, to convene a work group to study the use of and potential to regulate temporary staffing agencies providing temporary health care staff in assisted living facilities, adult day care centers, nursing homes, and hospices.</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 16, 2023: Tabled in Health, Welfare and Institutions (12-Y 10-N)</p>	<p>Senate: <a href="#">Committee substitute printed 23106319D-S1</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1508</a>	<a href="#">T. Montgomery "Monty" Mason</a>	<p><b>Assisted living facilities, adult day care centers, and child welfare agencies; provisional license.</b>  Assisted living facilities, adult day care centers, and child welfare agencies; provisional license. Increases from six months to 12 months the maximum period of time during which a person may operate an assisted living facility, adult day care center, or child welfare agency under a provisional license issued by the Commissioner of Social Services.</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled</p>	<p>Senate: <a href="#">Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1508ER)</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 330</a>	<a href="#">Vivian E. Watts</a>	<p><b>Nursing homes &amp; certified nursing facilities; minimum staffing standards, administrative sanctions.</b>            Minimum staffing standards for nursing homes and certified nursing facilities; administrative sanctions; Long-Term Care Services Fund. Requires nursing homes to meet a baseline staffing level based on resident acuity in alignment with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services staffing level recommendations. The bill requires nursing homes to collect and submit to the Department of Health certain data related to staffing. The bill gives the Commissioner of Health the power to impose administrative sanctions on nursing homes and directs the Board of Health to promulgate regulations related to the criteria and procedures for imposition of administrative sanctions or initiation of court proceedings for violations of the bill. The bill provides that nursing homes shall only be subject to administrative sanctions upon initial funding for the state share of the cost to implement the provisions of the bill. The bill establishes the Long-Term Care Services Fund for the purpose of making grants to assist in the provision of activities that protect or improve the quality of care or quality of life for residents, patients, and consumers of long-term care services.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 10, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Health, Welfare and Institutions by voice vote</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/12/22 22104129D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 646</a>	<a href="#">Betsy B. Carr</a>	<p><b>Nursing homes; standards of care and staff requirements, regulations.</b>            Nursing home standards of care and staff requirements; regulations. Requires the State Board of Health to establish staffing and care standards in nursing homes to require a minimum of direct care services to each resident per 24-hour period as follows: (i) a minimum of 2.8 direct care hours provided by a nurse aide per resident, per day; (ii) a minimum of 1.3 direct care hours provided by a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse per resident, per day; and (iii) a minimum of 0.75 hours out of total 4.1 required direct hours provided by a registered nurse per resident, per day. The bill requires nursing homes to provide quarterly staff training on first aid, medication administration, and compliance with nursing home policies and procedures. Additionally, the bill removes language requiring that each hospital, nursing home, and certified nursing facility establish protocols for patient visits from a rabbi, priest, minister, or clergy of any religious denomination or sect during a declared public health emergency related to a communicable disease of public health threat.</p>	<p>FAILED House • Feb 10, 2022: Continued to 2023 in Health, Welfare and Institutions by voice vote</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/12/22 22103792D</a></p>





## Tort

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1431</a>	<a href="#">Phillip A. Scott</a>	<p><b>Contributory negligence bar; abolished.</b></p> <p>Contributory negligence bar; abolished. Provides that the negligence of a plaintiff shall not automatically bar plaintiff's recovery in any action for injury, wrongful death, or property damage unless the plaintiff's negligence is (i) a proximate cause of the plaintiff's injury and (ii) greater than the aggregated total amount of negligence of all the defendants that proximately caused the plaintiff's injury. The bill further provides that any damages recoverable by the plaintiff shall be diminished by an amount that is proportionately equal to the percentage of negligent conduct of the plaintiff.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100146D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1589</a>	<a href="#">Richard C. "Rip" Sullivan, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Pedestrian control signals; applicability to persons riding bicycles and other devices.</b></p> <p>Pedestrian control signals; applicability to persons riding bicycles and other devices. Allows persons riding bicycles, electric personal assistive mobility devices, electric power-assisted bicycles, mopeds, or motorized skateboards or scooters to follow the pedestrian Walk signal at an intersection when traveling in the direction of the signal, provided they yield to pedestrians in the crosswalk traveling in the same direction. The bill provides that a person riding a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric power-assisted bicycle, moped, or motorized skateboard or scooter may not start to cross a highway in the direction of a Don't Walk signal, but such person who has partially completed his crossing on the Walk signal shall proceed to a sidewalk or safety island and remain there while the Don't Walk signal is showing.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Transportation	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102848D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1615</a>	<a href="#">Nadarius E. Clark</a>	<p><b>Statute of limitations; medical debt payment period.</b></p> <p>Statute of limitations; medical debt. Provides that the statute of limitations for an action on any contract, written or unwritten, to collect medical debt, including actions brought by the Commonwealth, is three years from the original date of a health care service unless the contract with a hospital or health care provider is for a payment plan that allows for a longer period of time for the collection of debt by the hospital or health care provider.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 03, 2023: Failed to report (defeated) in Courts of Justice (9-Y 11-N)	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101742D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1620</a>	<a href="#">Scott A. Wyatt</a>	<p><b>Crash reports; inspection by certain persons.</b> Crash reports; inspection by certain persons. Changes the person authorized to inspect a crash report from the present owner of a vehicle or property involved in the crash to the owner of such vehicle or property at the time of the crash. This bill is identical to SB 1028.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1620ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1647</a>	<a href="#">Timothy V. Anderson</a>	<p><b>Sexual abuse by person of authority; civil cause of action, limitations period.</b> Civil cause of action; sexual abuse by person of authority; limitations period. Creates a civil cause of action for injury to a person 18 years of age or older resulting from sexual abuse by a person of authority, defined in the bill. The bill further specifies that any such action shall be brought within 15 years after the cause of action accrues.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 20, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1647ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 2227</a>	<a href="#">Kathleen Murphy</a>	<p><b>Civil action against parent; minor's possession and use of firearm.</b> Civil action against parent, minor's possession and use of firearm. Creates a civil cause of action against a parent, guardian, legal custodian, or other person standing in loco parentis of a minor for injury to the person or property of another or for wrongful death resulting from the minor's possession and use of a firearm if it can be shown by a preponderance of the evidence that the minor came into possession of such firearm because of the failure of the civil defendant to reasonably secure the firearm.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Courts of Justice	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23104029D</a>
<a href="#">SB 845</a>	<a href="#">J. Chapman Petersen</a>	<p><b>Immunity of persons at public hearing; statements made by employee against employer.</b> Immunity of persons at public hearing; statements made by employee against employer. Clarifies that the civil immunity provided to any person who makes a statement at a public hearing or that is communicated to a third party applies where such statement is made by an employee against his employer and where retaliatory action against an employee by such employer is otherwise prohibited by law.</p>	PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (92-Y 1-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Conference substitute printed 23107516D-S1</a>
<a href="#">SB 847</a>	<a href="#">Barbara A. Favola</a>	<p><b>Pedestrian control signals; applicability to persons riding bicycles and other devices.</b> Pedestrian control signals; applicability to persons riding bicycles and other devices. Allows persons riding a bicycle, electric personal assistive mobility device, electric</p>	FAILED Senate • Feb 07, 2023: Failed to pass in Senate	<a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23104693D-S1</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>power-assisted bicycle, moped, or motorized skateboard or scooter to follow the pedestrian control signal at an intersection when traveling in the direction of the signal, provided they yield to pedestrians in the crosswalk traveling in the same direction. The bill specifies that such persons shall not start to cross the highway in the direction of such signal while the signal is solid, that pedestrians shall not start to cross the highway when such signal is solid or flashing, and that any person who has partially crossed the highway shall proceed to a sidewalk or safety island when the solid Don't Walk signal begins.</p>		
<a href="#">SB 962</a>	<a href="#">Mark J. Peake</a>	<p><b>Elementary and secondary schools; participation in female sports, civil cause of action.</b>  Elementary and secondary schools; athletics, participation in female sports; civil cause of action. Requires each public elementary or secondary school and each private elementary or secondary school that competes in sponsored athletic events against such public schools to designate all interscholastic athletic teams and intramural athletic teams sponsored by such school based on biological sex as follows: (i) for "males," "men," or "boys"; (ii) for "females," "women," or "girls"; or (iii) as "coed" or "mixed" if such team is open to participation by (a) "males," "men," or "boys" and (b) "females," "women," or "girls." The bill prohibits students whose biological sex is male from participating on any school athletic team or squad designated for "females," "women," or "girls." Finally, the bill creates a civil cause of action for students and schools that suffer harm as a result of a violation of the provisions of the bill, provided that such action is initiated within two years of the harm occurring.</p>	<p>FAILED  Senate • Feb 02, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Education and Health (9-Y 6-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101004D</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1003</a>	<a href="#">Bill DeSteph</a>	<p><b>Health insurance; mandated coverage for hearing aids for minors.</b>  Health insurance; mandated coverage for hearing aids for minors. Requires health insurers, health maintenance organizations, and corporations providing health care coverage subscription contracts to provide coverage for hearing aids and related services for children 18 years of age or younger when an otolaryngologist recommends such hearing aids and related services. The coverage includes one hearing aid per hearing-impaired ear, up to a cost of \$1,500, every 24 months. The measure applies to policies, contracts, and plans delivered, issued for delivery, or renewed on and after January 1, 2024.</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 23, 2023: House amendment agreed to by Senate (40-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23101628D-E</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">SB 1069</a>	<a href="#">Richard L. Saslaw</a>	<p><b>Pedestrians; drivers stopping at certain signs.</b> Drivers stopping for pedestrians; certain signs; stops. Requires the driver of a vehicle on a highway approaching a pedestrian who is crossing such highway to stop when such pedestrian is within the driver's lane or within an adjacent lane and approaching the driver's lane. Currently, a driver is required to yield the right-of-way to such pedestrian by stopping and remaining stopped. The bill also provides that localities that are already authorized to install signs directing motor vehicles to yield the right-of-way to pedestrians crossing or attempting to cross a highway may also install signs directing motor vehicles to stop for such pedestrians.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Enrolled	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1069ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1113</a>	<a href="#">Emmett W. Hanger, Jr.</a>	<p><b>Liability for sale of alcohol to an impaired customer; injury to another person.</b> Liability for sale of alcohol to impaired customer; injury to another person due to operation of vehicle while intoxicated. Creates a cause of action against an alcoholic beverage control retail licensee that sells alcohol to a customer who subsequently injures another by driving while impaired if the consumption of the alcohol caused or contributed to an injury to person or property while the customer operated a motor vehicle.</p>	FAILED Senate • Jan 25, 2023: Passed by indefinitely in Judiciary (12-Y 3-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102982D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1226</a>	<a href="#">Mark D. Obenshain</a>	<p><b>Alcohol; liability for sale to an underage person.</b> Liability for sale of alcohol to an underage person. Creates a cause of action against an alcoholic beverage control retail licensee who sells alcohol to an underage person who was visibly intoxicated if the consumption of the alcohol caused or contributed to an injury to person or property while the underage person operated a motor vehicle. The plaintiff must prove such negligence by a clear and convincing evidence standard.</p>	FAILED Senate • Jan 25, 2023: Incorporated by Judiciary (SB1113-Hanger) (13-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102659D</a>
<a href="#">SB 1311</a>	<a href="#">R. Creigh Deeds</a>	<p><b>Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Act; raises cap for an award pursuant to Act</b> Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Act. Raises from \$100,000 to \$500,000 the cap for an award pursuant to the Virginia Birth-Related Neurological Injury Compensation Act. This bill is a recommendation of the Boyd-Graves Conference.</p>	FAILED Senate • Jan 30, 2023: Stricken at request of Patron in Commerce and Labor (14-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23100416D</a>



## Workers' Compensation

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 1408</a>	<a href="#">Emily M. Brewer</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; presumption of compensability for certain cancers.</b>            Workers' compensation; presumption of compensability for certain cancers. Expands the workers' compensation presumption of compensability for certain cancers causing the death or disability of certain employees who have completed five years of service in their position to include bladder and thyroid cancer. The presumption for these cancers does not apply for any individual diagnosed with such a condition before July 1, 2023. This bill is identical to SB 906.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1408ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1410</a>	<a href="#">Daniel W. Marshall, III</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; presumption for arson and hazardous materials investigators.</b>            Workers' compensation; Department of State Police; State Police Officers' Retirement System; presumption for arson, bomb, and hazardous materials investigators. Expands the workers' compensation presumption of compensability for certain cancers causing the death or disability of certain employees who have completed five years of service in their position to include (i) arson investigators or bomb investigators employed by the Department of State Police and (ii) members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System who collect, analyze, or handle hazardous materials, infectious biological substances and radiological agents, fentanyl, or methamphetamine. This bill is identical to SB 1038.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 24, 2023: Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB1410ER)</a>
<a href="#">HB 1631</a>	<a href="#">David L. Bulova</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by dispatchers.</b>            Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by dispatchers. Allows dispatchers, as defined in the bill, to claim workers' compensation benefits relating to post-traumatic stress disorder under the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act. Currently, only law-enforcement officers and firefighters may claim such benefits.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Appropriations	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102941D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1763</a>	<a href="#">Elizabeth R. Guzman</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; injuries caused by repetitive and sustained physical stressors.</b>            Workers' compensation; injuries caused by repetitive and sustained physical stressors. Provides that, for the purposes of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act, "occupational</p>	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101079D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		disease" includes injuries or diseases from conditions resulting from repetitive and sustained physical stressors, including repetitive and sustained motions, exertions, posture stresses, contact stresses, vibrations, or noises. The bill provides that such injuries or diseases are covered under the Act and that such coverage does not require that the injuries or diseases occurred over a particular time period, provided that such time period can be reasonably identified.		
<a href="#">HB 1775</a>	<a href="#">Israel D. O'Quinn</a>	<b>Workers' compensation; anxiety disorder or depressive disorder incurred by law-enforcement officers.</b> Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder, anxiety disorder, or depressive disorder; law-enforcement officers and firefighters. Provides that an anxiety disorder or depressive disorder, as both are defined in the bill, incurred by a law-enforcement officer or firefighter is compensable under the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act on the same basis as post-traumatic stress disorder. The bill provides that a mental health professional must diagnose the covered individual as suffering from anxiety disorder or depressive disorder as a result of a qualifying event, defined in the bill as an incident or exposure occurring in the line of duty on or after July 1, 2023, and includes other conditions for compensability.	PASSED House • Feb 24, 2023: VOTE: Adoption (95-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">Senate: Committee substitute printed 23106570D-S1</a>
<a href="#">HB 1905</a>	<a href="#">Amanda E. Batten</a>	<b>Workers' compensation; presumption for law-enforcement officers with back, hip, knee, etc.</b> Workers' compensation; law-enforcement officers; back, hip, knee, and neck injuries. Establishes a workers' compensation presumption for back, hip, knee, and neck injuries that cause the death or disability of law-enforcement officers, as defined in the bill, who have completed five years of service and are required to wear a duty belt, as defined in the bill, as a condition of employment.	FAILED House • Feb 07, 2023: Left in Commerce and Energy	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23100736D</a>
<a href="#">HB 1966</a>	<a href="#">Michael P. Mullin</a>	<b>Workers' compensation; failure to timely pay compensation.</b> Workers' compensation; failure to timely pay compensation. Requires, after the first occurrence of a failure to timely pay compensation under the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act and upon the occurrence of any subsequent or successive failure to pay compensation, that an additional penalty be added to the unpaid compensation amount in an amount that increases from \$100 for the first subsequent failure to pay compensation to \$500 for the fifth and any subsequent failures	FAILED House • Jan 26, 2023: Stricken from docket by Commerce and Energy (22-Y 0-N)	<a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed: offered 01/11/23 23102508D</a>



Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		to pay compensation. Current law requires a penalty of 20 percent of such unpaid compensation amount for failure to timely pay compensation.		
<a href="#">HB 2002</a>	<a href="#">Eileen Filler-Corn</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; premium discounts for employers providing high-quality work-based learning.</b>  Workers' compensation; premium discounts for employers providing high-quality work-based learning experiences. Provides that an insurer providing workers' compensation coverage may provide a premium discount of up to five percent to every employer certified by the Department of Education (the Department) as a high-quality work-based learning employer. The bill requires the Department to certify to the Workers' Compensation Commission (the Commission) each employer that provides high-quality work-based learning experiences and meets the requirements of the Department and the bill as a high-quality work-based learning employer.</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Jan 26, 2023: Stricken from docket by Commerce and Energy (22-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23102637D</a></p>
<a href="#">HB 2322</a>	<a href="#">Ellen H. Campbell</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder, etc., incurred by law-enforcement officers.</b>  Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder, anxiety disorder, or depressive disorder' law-enforcement officers, firefighters, and dispatchers. Provides that an anxiety disorder or depressive disorder, as both are defined in the bill, incurred by a law-enforcement officer, correctional officer, firefighter, or dispatcher is compensable under the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act on the same basis as post-traumatic stress disorder. The bill adds dispatchers and correctional officers to the list of individuals for whom the workers' compensation presumption for post-traumatic stress disorder applies. The bill provides that a mental health professional must diagnose the covered individual as suffering from anxiety disorder or depressive disorder as a result of a qualifying event, defined in the bill as an incident or exposure occurring in the line of duty on or after July 1, 2020, for post-traumatic stress disorder and on or after July 1, 2023, for anxiety disorder or depressive disorder, and includes other conditions for compensability. The bill requires employers of law-enforcement officers and dispatchers to provide resilience and self-care technique training beginning July 1, 2023. The bill also adds mental health professionals to certain provisions that currently apply to physicians and surgeons.</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Jan 19, 2023: Tabled in Commerce and Energy (21-Y 0-N)</p>	<p><a href="#">House: Presented and ordered printed 23100925D</a></p>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
<a href="#">HB 2418</a>	<a href="#">William C. Wampler III</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; group self-insurance associations.</b>  Workers' compensation; group self-insurance associations. Provides that, subject to approval of the State Corporation Commission, two or more workers' compensation group self-insurance associations may merge if the resulting group self-insurance association assumes in full all obligations of the merged group self-insurance associations.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 23, 2023; Signed by President	<a href="#">House: Bill text as passed House and Senate (HB2418ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 904</a>	<a href="#">Bill DeSteph</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; anxiety disorder or depressive disorder incurred by law-enforcement officers.</b>  Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder, anxiety disorder, or depressive disorder; law-enforcement officers and firefighters. Provides that an anxiety disorder or depressive disorder, as both are defined in the bill, incurred by a law-enforcement officer or firefighter is compensable under the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act on the same basis as post-traumatic stress disorder. The bill provides that a mental health professional must diagnose the covered individual as suffering from anxiety disorder or depressive disorder as a result of a qualifying event, defined in the bill as an incident or exposure occurring in the line of duty on or after July 1, 2023, and includes other conditions for compensability. The bill requires each employer of law-enforcement officers to provide resilience and self-care technique training beginning July 1, 2023.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 25, 2023; Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB904ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 906</a>	<a href="#">Richard L. Saslaw</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; presumption of compensability for certain cancers.</b>  Workers' compensation; presumption of compensability for certain cancers. Expands the workers' compensation presumption of compensability for certain cancers causing the death or disability of certain employees who have completed five years of service in their position to include bladder and thyroid cancer. The presumption for these cancers does not apply for any individual diagnosed with such a condition before July 1, 2023. This bill is identical to HB 1408.</p>	PASSED Senate • Feb 23, 2023; Signed by President	<a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB906ER)</a>
<a href="#">SB 1037</a>	<a href="#">Jeremy S. McPike</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; notice to employees.</b>  Workers' compensation; notice to employees. Requires each employer subject to the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act to provide notice to covered employees of the employees' right to dispute the denial of a claim through the Virginia Workers' Compensation Commission.</p>	FAILED House • Feb 22, 2023; Left in Commerce and Energy	<a href="#">Senate: Prefiled and ordered printed; offered 01/11/23 23101957D</a>

Bill	Sponsors	Title	Last Action	Latest Version
		<p>The bill specifies the language of such notice. The bill also provides that an employer that fails to provide such notice may be subject to the civil penalty provisions of the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act.</p>		
<a href="#">SB 1038</a>	<a href="#">Jeremy S. McPike</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; presumption for arson and hazardous materials investigators.</b>  Workers' compensation; Department of State Police; State Police Officers' Retirement System; presumption for arson, bomb, and hazardous materials investigators. Expands the workers' compensation presumption of compensability for certain cancers causing the death or disability of certain employees who have completed five years of service in their position to include (i) arson investigators or bomb investigators employed by the Department of State Police and (ii) members of the State Police Officers' Retirement System who collect, analyze, or handle hazardous materials, infectious biological substances and radiological agents, fentanyl, or methamphetamine. This bill is identical to HB 1410.</p>	<p>PASSED  Senate • Feb 23, 2023; Signed by President</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Bill text as passed Senate and House (SB1038ER)</a></p>
<a href="#">SB 1088</a>	<a href="#">Adam P. Ebbin</a>	<p><b>Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by dispatchers.</b>  Workers' compensation; post-traumatic stress disorder incurred by dispatchers. Allows dispatchers, as defined in the bill, to claim workers' compensation benefits relating to post-traumatic stress disorder under the Virginia Workers' Compensation Act. Currently, only law-enforcement officers and firefighters may claim such benefits.</p>	<p>FAILED  House • Feb 22, 2023; Left in Commerce and Energy</p>	<p><a href="#">Senate: Printed as engrossed 23103951D-E</a></p>

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